

Package ‘MicroMoB’

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Type Package

Title Discrete Time Simulation of Mosquito-Borne Pathogen Transmission

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Description Provides a framework based on S3 dispatch for constructing models of mosquito-borne pathogen transmission which are constructed from submodels of various components (i.e. immature and adult mosquitoes, human populations). A consistent mathematical expression for the distribution of bites on hosts means that different models (stochastic, deterministic, etc.) can be coherently incorporated and updated over a discrete time step.

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<https://github.com/dd-harp/MicroMoB>

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<code>api_config_global</code>	<i>Read global configuration options</i>
--------------------------------	--

Description

Read global configuration options

Usage

`api_config_global(path)`

Arguments

<code>path</code>	file path to a JSON file
-------------------	--------------------------

<code>approx_equal</code>	<i>Check if two numeric values are approximately equal</i>
---------------------------	--

Description

Check if two numeric values are approximately equal

Usage

`approx_equal(a, b, tol = sqrt(.Machine$double.eps))`

Arguments

<code>a</code>	a numeric object
<code>b</code>	a numeric object
<code>tol</code>	the numeric tolerance

Value

a logical value

compute_bloodmeal *Compute bloodmeals taken by mosquitoes on hosts*

Description

This should be run prior to any step functions to update components over a time step. It computes various quantities related to disease transmission between species using the generic interfaces (methods) provided by each component. It updates the EIR vector for the human component, and kappa, the net infectiousness of hosts for the mosquito component.

Usage

```
compute_bloodmeal(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

compute_bloodmeal_simple
Compute bloodmeals taken by mosquitoes on hosts in simple models

Description

The difference between this and [compute_bloodmeal](#) is that this function does not include any computations of alternative blood hosts or visitors and is suitable for models which only include mosquitoes and resident human populations.

Usage

```
compute_bloodmeal_simple(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

compute_emergents *Compute number of newly emerging adults (λ)*

Description

This method dispatches on the type of `model$aqua`

Usage

```
compute_emergents(model)
```

Arguments

`model` an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length `p` giving the number of newly emerging adult in each patch

`compute_emergents.BH` *Compute number of newly emerging adults from Beverton-Holt dynamics*

Description

This function dispatches on the second class attribute of `model$aqua` for stochastic or deterministic behavior.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BH'
compute_emergents(model)
```

Arguments

`model` an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length `l` giving the number of newly emerging adult in each patch

```
compute_emergents.trace
```

Compute number of newly emerging adults from forcing term

Description

This function dispatches on the second class attribute of `model$aqua` for stochastic or deterministic behavior.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'trace'
compute_emergents(model)
```

Arguments

`model` an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Details

see [compute_emergents.trace_deterministic](#) and [compute_emergents.trace_stochastic](#)

Value

no return value

```
compute_emergents.trace_deterministic
```

Compute number of newly emerging adults from forcing term (deterministic)

Description

Return the column of the lambda matrix for this day.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'trace_deterministic'
compute_emergents(model)
```

Arguments

`model` an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length 1 giving the number of newly emerging adult in each patch

```
compute_emergents.trace_stochastic
```

Compute number of newly emerging adults from forcing term (stochastic)

Description

Draw a Poisson distributed number of emerging adults with mean parameter from the column of the trace matrix for this day.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'trace_stochastic'
compute_emergents(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length 1 giving the number of newly emerging adult in each patch

```
compute_f
```

Compute mosquito feeding rate (f)

Description

This method dispatches on the type of model\$mosquito

Usage

```
compute_f(model, B)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

B a vector of length p giving total blood host availability by patch

Value

a vector of length p giving the per-capita blood feeding rate of mosquitoes in each patch

compute_f.BQ	<i>Compute mosquito feeding rate for BQ model (f)</i>
--------------	---

Description

Blood feeding rates are modeled as a Holling type 2 (rational) function of blood host availability.

$$f(B) = f_x \frac{s_f B}{1 + s_f B}$$

Here f_x is the maximum blood feeding rate and s_f is a scaling parameter.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BQ'
compute_f(model, B)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
B	a vector of length p giving total blood host availability by patch

Value

a vector of length p giving the per-capita blood feeding rate of mosquitoes in each blood feeding haunt

compute_f.RM	<i>Compute mosquito feeding rate for RM model (f)</i>
--------------	---

Description

This method simply returns the f parameter of the mosquito object, because the RM model assumes a constant blood feeding rate.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'RM'
compute_f(model, B)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
B	a vector of length p giving total blood host availability by patch

Value

a vector of length p giving the per-capita blood feeding rate of mosquitoes in each patch

compute_f.trace	<i>Compute null mosquito feeding rate (f)</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Compute null mosquito feeding rate (f)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'trace'
compute_f(model, B)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
B	a vector of length p giving total blood host availability by patch

Value

no return value

compute_H	<i>Compute human population strata sizes (H)</i>
-----------	--

Description

This method dispatches on the type of `model$human`.

Usage

```
compute_H(model)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
-------	--

Value

a vector of length n giving the size of each human population stratum

compute_H.MOI	<i>Compute human population strata sizes for MOI model (H)</i>
---------------	---

Description

Compute human population strata sizes for MOI model (H)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MOI'
compute_H(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length n giving the size of each human population stratum

compute_H.SIP	<i>Compute human population strata sizes for SIP model (H)</i>
---------------	---

Description

Compute human population strata sizes for SIP model (H)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIP'
compute_H(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length n giving the size of each human population stratum

compute_H.SIR	<i>Compute human population strata sizes for SIR model (H)</i>
---------------	--

Description

Compute human population strata sizes for SIR model (H)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIR'  
compute_H(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length n giving the size of each human population stratum

compute_H.SIS	<i>Compute human population strata sizes for SIS model (H)</i>
---------------	--

Description

Compute human population strata sizes for SIS model (H)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIS'  
compute_H(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length n giving the size of each human population stratum

compute_0	<i>Compute available alternative blood hosts (O)</i>
-----------	--

Description

This method dispatches on the type of model\$alternative.

Usage

```
compute_0(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length p giving biting availability of other blood hosts at each patch

compute_0.trace	<i>Compute available alternative blood hosts for trace model (O)</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Compute available alternative blood hosts for trace model (O)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'trace'
compute_0(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length p giving biting availability of other blood hosts at each patch

compute_oviposit	<i>Compute number of eggs laid from oviposition for each patch</i>
------------------	--

Description

This method dispatches on the type of model\$mosquito

Usage

```
compute_oviposit(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length 1 giving the total number of eggs laid by adult mosquitoes in each aquatic habitat

compute_oviposit.BQ	<i>Compute number of eggs laid from oviposition for each aquatic habitat for BQ model</i>
---------------------	---

Description

This method returns a vector of length 1.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BQ'
compute_oviposit(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Details

see [compute_oviposit.BQ_deterministic](#) and [compute_oviposit.BQ_stochastic](#)

Value

a vector of length 1 giving the total number of eggs laid by adult mosquitoes in each aquatic habitat

```
compute_oviposit.BQ_deterministic
```

Compute number of eggs laid from oviposition for each patch for deterministic RM model

Description

Compute number of eggs laid from oviposition for each patch for deterministic RM model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BQ_deterministic'
compute_oviposit(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length 1 giving the total number of eggs laid by adult mosquitoes in each aquatic habitat

```
compute_oviposit.BQ_stochastic
```

Compute number of eggs laid from oviposition for each patch for stochastic RM model

Description

Compute number of eggs laid from oviposition for each patch for stochastic RM model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BQ_stochastic'
compute_oviposit(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length 1 giving the total number of eggs laid by adult mosquitoes in each aquatic habitat

compute_oviposit.RM *Compute number of eggs laid from oviposition for each patch for RM model*

Description

This method returns a vector of length p .

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'RM'
compute_oviposit(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Details

see [compute_oviposit.RM_deterministic](#) and [compute_oviposit.RM_stochastic](#)

Value

a vector of length p giving the total number of eggs laid by adult mosquitoes in each patch

compute_oviposit.RM_deterministic
Compute number of eggs laid from oviposition for each patch for deterministic RM model

Description

Compute number of eggs laid from oviposition for each patch for deterministic RM model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'RM_deterministic'
compute_oviposit(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length p giving the total number of eggs laid by adult mosquitoes in each patch

```
compute_oviposit.RM_stochastic
```

Compute number of eggs laid from oviposition for each patch for stochastic RM model

Description

Compute number of eggs laid from oviposition for each patch for stochastic RM model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'RM_stochastic'
compute_oviposit(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length 1 giving the total number of eggs laid by adult mosquitoes in each patch

```
compute_oviposit.trace
```

Compute number of eggs laid from oviposition for each patch for null model

Description

This method dispatches on the type of model\$mosquito

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'trace'
compute_oviposit(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length p giving the total number of eggs laid by adult mosquitoes in each patch

compute_Psi	<i>Compute time at risk matrix (Ψ)</i>
-------------	--

Description

The time at risk matrix is $\Psi = \Theta\xi$. This method dispatches on the type of `model$human`.

Usage

```
compute_Psi(model)
```

Arguments

`model` an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a matrix with `n` rows and `p` columns, the time at risk matrix

compute_Psi.MOI	<i>Compute time at risk matrix for MOI model (Ψ)</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Compute time at risk matrix for MOI model (Ψ)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MOI'
compute_Psi(model)
```

Arguments

`model` an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a matrix with `n` rows and `p` columns, the time at risk matrix

compute_Psi.SIP *Compute time at risk matrix for SIP model (Ψ)*

Description

Compute time at risk matrix for SIP model (Ψ)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIP'  
compute_Psi(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a matrix with n rows and p columns, the time at risk matrix

compute_Psi.SIR *Compute time at risk matrix for SIR model (Ψ)*

Description

Compute time at risk matrix for SIR model (Ψ)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIR'  
compute_Psi(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a matrix with n rows and p columns, the time at risk matrix

compute_Psi.SIS	<i>Compute time at risk matrix for SIS model (Ψ)</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Compute time at risk matrix for SIS model (Ψ)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIS'
compute_Psi(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a matrix with n rows and p columns, the time at risk matrix

compute_q	<i>Compute human blood feeding fraction (q)</i>
-----------	--

Description

This method dispatches on the type of `model$mosqui` to

Usage

```
compute_q(model, W, Wd, B)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)
W a vector of length p giving human availability by patch (W)
Wd a vector of length p giving visitor availability by patch (W_δ)
B a vector of length p giving total blood host availability by patch (B)

Value

a vector of length p giving the proportion of bites taken on human hosts in each patch

compute_q.BQ *Compute human blood feeding fraction for BQ model (q)*

Description

The human blood feeding fraction is simply the proportion of human hosts.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BQ'
compute_q(model, W, Wd, B)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
W	a vector of length p giving human availability by patch (W)
Wd	a vector of length p giving visitor availability by patch (W_δ)
B	a vector of length p giving total blood host availability by patch (B)

Value

a vector of length p giving the proportion of bites taken on human hosts in each blood feeding haunt

compute_q.RM *Compute human blood feeding fraction for RM model (q)*

Description

This method simply returns the q parameter of the mosquito object, because the RM model assumes a constant fraction of blood meals are taken on human hosts.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'RM'
compute_q(model, W, Wd, B)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
W	a vector of length p giving human availability by patch (W)
Wd	a vector of length p giving visitor availability by patch (W_δ)
B	a vector of length p giving total blood host availability by patch (B)

Value

a vector of length p giving the proportion of bites taken on human hosts in each patch

compute_q.trace	<i>Compute null human blood feeding fraction (q)</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Compute null human blood feeding fraction (q)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'trace'
compute_q(model, W, Wd, B)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
W	a vector of length p giving human availability by patch (W)
Wd	a vector of length p giving visitor availability by patch (W_δ)
B	a vector of length p giving total blood host availability by patch (B)

Value

no return value

compute_Wd	<i>Compute available visitors (W_δ)</i>
------------	---

Description

This method dispatches on the type of `model$visitor`.

Usage

```
compute_Wd(model)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
-------	--

Value

a vector of length p giving biting availability of visitors at each patch

compute_Wd.trace	<i>Compute available visitors for trace model (W_δ)</i>
------------------	---

Description

Compute available visitors for trace model (W_δ)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'trace'
compute_Wd(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length p giving biting availability of visitors at each patch

compute_wf	<i>Compute human biting weights (w_f)</i>
------------	--

Description

This method dispatches on the type of model\$human.

Usage

```
compute_wf(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length n giving the biting weights of human hosts in each stratum

compute_wf.MOI	<i>Compute human biting weights for MOI model (w_f)</i>
----------------	--

Description

Compute human biting weights for MOI model (w_f)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MOI'  
compute_wf(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length n giving the biting weights of human hosts in each stratum

compute_wf.SIP	<i>Compute human biting weights for SIP model (w_f)</i>
----------------	--

Description

Compute human biting weights for SIP model (w_f)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIP'  
compute_wf(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length n giving the biting weights of human hosts in each stratum

compute_wf.SIR *Compute human biting weights for SIR model (w_f)*

Description

Compute human biting weights for SIR model (w_f)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIR'  
compute_wf(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length n giving the biting weights of human hosts in each stratum

compute_wf.SIS *Compute human biting weights for SIS model (w_f)*

Description

Compute human biting weights for SIS model (w_f)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIS'  
compute_wf(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length n giving the biting weights of human hosts in each stratum

compute_x	<i>Compute net infectiousness of humans (x)</i>
-----------	---

Description

In a Ross-Macdonald style transmission model, this is computed as

$$x = cX$$

This method dispatches on the type of `model$human`.

Usage

```
compute_x(model)
```

Arguments

`model` an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length `n` giving the net infectiousness of human hosts in each stratum

compute_x.MOI	<i>Compute net infectiousness for MOI model (x)</i>
---------------	---

Description

In the simple MOI (queueing) model here (M/M/inf), net infectiousness is considered not to vary with increasing MOI. It is calculated as

$$c \cdot \left(1 - \frac{X_0}{H}\right)$$

where X_0 is the number of uninfected persons (multiplicity of infection of zero).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MOI'
compute_x(model)
```

Arguments

`model` an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length `n` giving the net infectiousness of human hosts in each stratum

compute_x.SIP	<i>Compute net infectiousness for SIP model (x)</i>
---------------	--

Description

Compute net infectiousness for SIP model (x)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIP'
compute_x(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length n giving the net infectiousness of human hosts in each stratum

compute_x.SIR	<i>Compute net infectiousness for SIR model (x)</i>
---------------	--

Description

Compute net infectiousness for SIR model (x)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIR'
compute_x(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length n giving the net infectiousness of human hosts in each stratum

compute_x.SIS	<i>Compute net infectiousness for SIS model (x)</i>
---------------	--

Description

Compute net infectiousness for SIS model (x)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIS'
compute_x(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length n giving the net infectiousness of human hosts in each stratum

compute_xd	<i>Compute net infectiousness of visitors (x_δ)</i>
------------	---

Description

This method dispatches on the type of `model$visitor`.

Usage

```
compute_xd(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length p giving net infectiousness of visitors at each patch

compute_xd.trace	<i>Compute net infectiousness of visitors for trace model (x_δ)</i>
------------------	---

Description

Compute net infectiousness of visitors for trace model (x_δ)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'trace'
compute_xd(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length p giving net infectiousness of visitors at each patch

compute_Z	<i>Compute density of infective mosquitoes (Z)</i>
-----------	---

Description

This method dispatches on the type of model\$mosquito. Z is also known as the "sporozoite rate" in malariology.

Usage

```
compute_Z(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length p giving the density of infected and infectious mosquitoes in each patch

compute_Z.BQ	<i>Compute density of infective mosquitoes for BQ model (Z)</i>
--------------	---

Description

This method returns Z.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BQ'  
compute_Z(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length p giving the density of infected and infectious mosquitoes in each blood feeding haunt

compute_Z.RM	<i>Compute density of infective mosquitoes for RM model (Z)</i>
--------------	---

Description

This method returns Z.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'RM'  
compute_Z(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector of length p giving the density of infected and infectious mosquitoes in each patch

compute_Z.trace	<i>Compute null density of infective mosquitoes (Z)</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Compute null density of infective mosquitoes (Z)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'trace'  
compute_Z(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

distribute	<i>Distribute items into bins as evenly as possible</i>
------------	---

Description

Distribute items into bins as evenly as possible

Usage

```
distribute(n, p)
```

Arguments

n number of bins
p number of items

Value

a numeric vector of bin sizes

divmod	<i>Division of integers</i>
--------	-----------------------------

Description

Division of integers

Usage

```
divmod(a, b)
```

Arguments

a	the dividend
b	the divisor

Value

a list with two elements, quo (quotient) and rem (remainder)

draw_multinom	<i>Draw a multinomially distributed random vector</i>
---------------	---

Description

Warning: this function does no argument checking. Ensure the arguments are as follows.

Usage

```
draw_multinom(n, prob)
```

Arguments

n	an integer giving the number of balls to distribute in bins
prob	a vector of probabilities for each bin, which must sum to one

Value

an integer vector of length equal to the length of prob

Note

This function uses the algorithm presented in: Startek, Michał. "An asymptotically optimal, on-line algorithm for weighted random sampling with replacement." arXiv preprint arXiv:1611.00532 (2016).

```
get_config_alternative_trace
```

Get parameters for trace driven alternative blood hosts

Description

The JSON config file should have two entries:

- O: vector or matrix (see [time_patch_varying_parameter](#) for valid dimensions)

For interpretation of the entries, please read [setup_alternative_trace](#).

Usage

```
get_config_alternative_trace(path)
```

Arguments

path a file path to a JSON file

Value

a named [list](#)

Examples

```
# to see an example of proper JSON input, run the following
library(jsonlite)
par <- list(
  "O" = rep(1, 5)
)
toJSON(par, pretty = TRUE)
```

```
get_config_aqua_BH
```

Get parameters for aquatic (immature) model with Beverton-Holt dynamics

Description

The JSON config file should have two entries:

- stochastic: a boolean value
- molt: a scalar, vector, or matrix (row major)
- surv: a scalar, vector, or matrix (row major)
- K: a scalar, vector, or matrix (row major)
- L: a vector

Please see [time_patch_varying_parameter](#) for allowed dimensions of entries molt, surv, and K. L should be of length equal to the number of patches. For interpretation of the entries, please read [setup_aqua_BH](#).

Usage

```
get_config_aqua_BH(path)
```

Arguments

path a file path to a JSON file

Value

a named [list](#)

Examples

```
# to see an example of proper JSON input, run the following
library(jsonlite)
p <- 5 # number of patches
t <- 10 # number of days to simulate
par <- list(
  "stochastic" = FALSE,
  "molt" = 0.3,
  "surv" = rep(0.5, 365),
  "K" = matrix(rpois(n = t * p, lambda = 100), nrow = p, ncol = t),
  "L" = rep(10, p)
)
toJSON(par, pretty = TRUE)
```

get_config_aqua_trace *Get parameters for aquatic (immature) model with forced emergence*

Description

The JSON config file should have two entries:

- stochastic: a boolean value
- lambda: a scalar, vector, or matrix (row major). It will be passed to [time_patch_varying_parameter](#), see that function's documentation for appropriate dimensions.

For interpretation of the entries, please read [setup_aqua_trace](#).

Usage

```
get_config_aqua_trace(path)
```

Arguments

path a file path to a JSON file

Value

a named [list](#)

Examples

```
# to see an example of proper JSON input, run the following
library(jsonlite)
t <- 10 # number of days to simulate
par <- list(
  "stochastic" = FALSE,
  "lambda" = rpois(n = t, lambda = 10)
)
toJSON(par, pretty = TRUE)
```

get_config_humans_MOI *Get parameters for MOI human model*

Description

The JSON config file should have 9 entries:

- stochastic: a boolean value
- theta: matrix (row major)
- wf: vector
- H: vector
- MOI: matrix (row major)
- b: scalar
- c: scalar
- r: scalar
- sigma: scalar

For interpretation of the entries, please read [setup_humans_MOI](#).

Usage

```
get_config_humans_MOI(path)
```

Arguments

path a file path to a JSON file

Value

a named [list](#)

Examples

```
# to see an example of proper JSON input, run the following
library(jsonlite)
n <- 6 # number of human population strata
p <- 5 # number of patches
theta <- matrix(rexp(n*p), nrow = n, ncol = p)
theta <- theta / rowSums(theta)
H <- rep(10, n)
MOI <- matrix(0, nrow = 10, ncol = n)
MOI[1, ] <- H
par <- list(
  "stochastic" = FALSE,
  "theta" = theta,
  "wf" = rep(1, n),
  "H" = H,
  "MOI" = MOI,
  "b" = 0.55,
  "c" = 0.15,
  "r" = 1/200,
  "sigma" = 1
)
toJSON(par, pretty = TRUE)
```

get_config_humans_SIR *Get parameters for SIR human model*

Description

The JSON config file should have 8 entries:

- stochastic: a boolean value
- theta: matrix (row major)
- wf: vector
- H: vector
- SIR: matrix (row major)
- b: scalar
- c: scalar
- gamma: scalar

For interpretation of the entries, please read [setup_humans_SIR](#).

Usage

```
get_config_humans_SIR(path)
```

Arguments

path a file path to a JSON file

Value

a named [list](#)

Examples

```
# to see an example of proper JSON input, run the following
library(jsonlite)
n <- 6 # number of human population strata
p <- 5 # number of patches
theta <- matrix(rexp(n*p), nrow = n, ncol = p)
theta <- theta / rowSums(theta)
H <- rep(10, n)
SIR <- matrix(0, nrow = n, ncol = 3)
SIR[, 1] <- H
par <- list(
  "stochastic" = FALSE,
  "theta" = theta,
  "wf" = rep(1, n),
  "H" = H,
  "SIR" = SIR,
  "b" = 0.55,
  "c" = 0.15,
  "gamma" = 1/7
)
toJSON(par, pretty = TRUE)
```

get_config_humans_SIS *Get parameters for SIS human model*

Description

The JSON config file should have 8 entries:

- stochastic: a boolean value
- theta: matrix (row major)
- wf: vector
- H: vector
- X: vector
- b: scalar
- c: scalar
- r: scalar

For interpretation of the entries, please read [setup_humans_SIS](#).

Usage

```
get_config_humans_SIS(path)
```

Arguments

path a file path to a JSON file

Value

a named [list](#)

Examples

```
# to see an example of proper JSON input, run the following
library(jsonlite)
n <- 6 # number of human population strata
p <- 5 # number of patches
theta <- matrix(rexp(n*p), nrow = n, ncol = p)
theta <- theta / rowSums(theta)
H <- rep(10, n)
X <- rep(3, n)
par <- list(
  "stochastic" = FALSE,
  "theta" = theta,
  "wf" = rep(1, n),
  "H" = H,
  "X" = X,
  "b" = 0.55,
  "c" = 0.15,
  "r" = 1/200
)
toJSON(par, pretty = TRUE)
```

get_config_mosquito_RM

Get parameters for generalized Ross-Macdonald mosquito model

Description

The JSON config file should have 8 entries:

- stochastic: a boolean value
- f: scalar
- q: scalar
- eip: scalar or vector; see [time_varying_parameter](#) for valid formats
- p: scalar or vector; see [time_varying_parameter](#) for valid formats
- psi: matrix
- nu: scalar
- M: vector
- Y: vector
- Z: vector

For interpretation of the entries, please read [setup_mosquito_RM](#).

Usage

```
get_config_mosquito_RM(path)
```

Arguments

path a file path to a JSON file

Value

a named [list](#)

Examples

```
# to see an example of proper JSON input, run the following
library(jsonlite)
t <- 10 # days to simulate
p <- 5 # number of patches
EIP <- rep(5, t)
p_surv <- 0.95
psi <- matrix(rexp(p^2), nrow = p, ncol = p)
psi <- psi / rowSums(psi)
par <- list(
  "stochastic" = FALSE,
  "f" = 0.3,
  "q" = 0.9,
  "eip" = EIP,
  "p" = p_surv,
  "psi" = psi,
  "nu" = 20,
  "M" = rep(100, p),
  "Y" = rep(20, p),
  "Z" = rep(5, p)
)
toJSON(par, pretty = TRUE)
```

```
get_config_mosquito_trace
```

Get parameters for null mosquito model

Description

The JSON config file should have 1 entry:

- oviposit: vector

For interpretation of the entries, please read [setup_mosquito_trace](#).

Usage

```
get_config_mosquito_trace(path)
```

Arguments

path a file path to a JSON file

Value

a named [list](#)

Examples

```
# to see an example of proper JSON input, run the following
library(jsonlite)
par <- list(
  "oviposit" = rep(1, 5)
)
toJSON(par, pretty = TRUE)
```

get_config_visitor_trace

Get parameters for trace driven visitors

Description

The JSON config file should have two entries:

- Wd: vector or matrix (see [time_patch_varying_parameter](#) for valid dimensions)
- xd: vector or matrix (see [time_patch_varying_parameter](#) for valid dimensions)

For interpretation of the entries, please read [setup_visitor_trace](#).

Usage

```
get_config_visitor_trace(path)
```

Arguments

path a file path to a JSON file

Value

a named [list](#)

Examples

```
# to see an example of proper JSON input, run the following
library(jsonlite)
par <- list(
  "Wd" = rep(1, 5),
  "xd" = rep(0.01, 365)
)
toJSON(par, pretty = TRUE)
```

get_eip_mosquito_RM *Get extrinsic incubation period for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model*

Description

Get extrinsic incubation period for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model

Usage

```
get_eip_mosquito_RM(model, times)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
times	vector of times to return

Value

no return value

get_f_mosquito_RM *Get feeding rate for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model*

Description

Get feeding rate for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model

Usage

```
get_f_mosquito_RM(model)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
-------	--

Value

a vector

get_kappa_mosquito_RM *Get kappa for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model*

Description

Get kappa for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model

Usage

```
get_kappa_mosquito_RM(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector

get_K_aqua_BH *Get carrying capacity for Beverton-Holt aquatic mosquito model*

Description

Get carrying capacity for Beverton-Holt aquatic mosquito model

Usage

```
get_K_aqua_BH(model, times, places)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)
times vector of times to get values
places vector of places to get values

Value

a [matrix](#)

get_lambda_aqua_trace *Get daily emergence for Beverton-Holt aquatic mosquito model*

Description

Get daily emergence for Beverton-Holt aquatic mosquito model

Usage

```
get_lambda_aqua_trace(model, times, places)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
times	vector of times to get values
places	vector of places to get values

Value

a [matrix](#)

get_molt_aqua_BH *Get daily maturation probability for Beverton-Holt aquatic mosquito model*

Description

Get daily maturation probability for Beverton-Holt aquatic mosquito model

Usage

```
get_molt_aqua_BH(model, times, places)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
times	vector of times to get values
places	vector of places to get values

Value

a [matrix](#)

get_nu_mosquito_RM *Get number of eggs laid per oviposition for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model*

Description

Get number of eggs laid per oviposition for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model

Usage

get_nu_mosquito_RM(model)

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a vector

get_psi_mosquito_RM *Get mosquito dispersal matrix for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model*

Description

Get mosquito dispersal matrix for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model

Usage

get_psi_mosquito_RM(model)

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a matrix

get_p_mosquito_RM *Get daily survival probability for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model*

Description

Get daily survival probability for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model

Usage

```
get_p_mosquito_RM(model, times, places)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
times	vector of times to get values
places	vector of places to get values

Value

a matrix

get_q_mosquito_RM *Get human blood feeding fraction for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model*

Description

Get human blood feeding fraction for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model

Usage

```
get_q_mosquito_RM(model)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
-------	--

Value

a vector

get_surv_aqua_BH	<i>Get daily survival probability for Beverton-Holt aquatic mosquito model</i>
------------------	--

Description

Get daily survival probability for Beverton-Holt aquatic mosquito model

Usage

```
get_surv_aqua_BH(model, times, places)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
times	vector of times to get values
places	vector of places to get values

Value

a [matrix](#)

get_tmax	<i>Get maximum time of simulation from model object</i>
----------	---

Description

Get maximum time of simulation from model object

Usage

```
get_tmax(model)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
-------	--

get_tnow	<i>Get current time of simulation from model object</i>
----------	---

Description

Get current time of simulation from model object

Usage

```
get_tnow(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

is_binary	<i>Does a numeric object consist of only zeros and ones?</i>
-----------	--

Description

Does a numeric object consist of only zeros and ones?

Usage

```
is_binary(x)
```

Arguments

x a [numeric](#) object

Value

a logical value

make_MicroMoB	<i>Make a model object</i>
---------------	----------------------------

Description

The model object is a hashed [environment](#). By default it contains a single list, `model$global` storing global state.

Usage

```
make_MicroMoB(tmax, p, l = p)
```

Arguments

tmax	number of days to simulate
p	number of places
l	number of aquatic habitats (optional, will be set to p by default)

Value

an object of class [environment](#)

MicroMoB	<i>MicroMoB: Microsimulation for mosquito-borne pathogens</i>
----------	---

Description

Discrete time simulation of mosquito-borne pathogen transmission

Author(s)

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- Sophie Libkind [contributor]

See Also

Useful links:

- <https://dd-harp.github.io/MicroMoB/>
- <https://github.com/dd-harp/MicroMoB>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/dd-harp/MicroMoB/issues>

observe_pfpr	<i>Observe PfPR in human strata</i>
--------------	-------------------------------------

Description

This method dispatches on the type of `model$human`.

Usage

```
observe_pfpr(model, parameters)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
parameters	a named list , should have elements <code>sens</code> (sensitivity), <code>spec</code> (specificity), and a vector of length equal to number of strata <code>testprop</code> which gives the proportion of each strata to be tested.

Value

an [array](#) of counts, with actual condition as first dimension and tested condition as the second dimension, and the third dimension is the human strata

observe_pfpr.SIP	<i>Observe PfPR in human strata for SIP model</i>
------------------	---

Description

Observe PfPR in human strata for SIP model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIP'
observe_pfpr(model, parameters)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
parameters	a named list , should have elements <code>sens</code> (sensitivity), <code>spec</code> (specificity), and a vector of length equal to number of strata <code>testprop</code> which gives the proportion of each strata to be tested.

Value

an [array](#) of counts, with actual condition as first dimension and tested condition as the second dimension, and the third dimension is the human strata

observe_pfpr.SIS	<i>Observe PfPR in human strata for SIS model</i>
------------------	---

Description

Observe PfPR in human strata for SIS model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIS'
observe_pfpr(model, parameters)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
parameters	a named list , should have elements sens (sensitivity), spec (specificity), and a vector of length equal to number of strata testprop which gives the proportion of each strata to be tested.

Value

an [array](#) of counts, with actual condition as first dimension and tested condition as the second dimension, and the third dimension is the human strata

output_aqua	<i>Get output for aquatic (immature) mosquito populations</i>
-------------	---

Description

This method dispatches on the type of model\$aqua. It returns the current state of the aquatic component.

Usage

```
output_aqua(model)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
-------	--

Value

a [data.frame](#)

output_aqua.BH	<i>Get output for aquatic (immature) mosquito populations with Beverton-Holt dynamics</i>
----------------	---

Description

Return a [data.frame](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BH'  
output_aqua(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a [data.frame](#) with columns L (immature) and A (emerging pupae)

output_aqua.trace	<i>Get output for aquatic (immature) mosquito populations with forced emergence</i>
-------------------	---

Description

This function returns an empty [data.frame](#) as trace models do not have endogenous dynamics.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'trace'  
output_aqua(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a [data.frame](#)

output_mosquitoes	<i>Get output for mosquito populations</i>
-------------------	--

Description

This method dispatches on the type of `model$mosquito`. It returns the current state of the adult mosquito component.

Usage

```
output_mosquitoes(model)
```

Arguments

`model` an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a [data.frame](#)

output_mosquitoes.RM	<i>Get output for Ross-Macdonald mosquito populations</i>
----------------------	---

Description

Return a [data.frame](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'RM'  
output_mosquitoes(model)
```

Arguments

`model` an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a [data.frame](#) with columns M (all adult mosquitoes), Y (infected mosquitoes), and Z (infectious mosquitoes), and rows correspond to places.

```
output_mosquitoes.trace
```

Get output for null mosquito populations

Description

This function returns an empty [data.frame](#) as trace models do not have endogenous dynamics.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'trace'
output_mosquitoes(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

a [data.frame](#)

```
sample_stochastic_matrix
```

Sample a stochastic matrix

Description

x is a matrix with arbitrary number of rows but whose columns are equal to the number of bins that the stochastic matrix `prob` parameterizes a distribution over. Each row of x gives a distribution of counts over bins and is resampled according to `prob`. It is conceptually similar to "stochastically" distributing the matrix as $x \%*\% prob$, which gives the expectation.

Usage

```
sample_stochastic_matrix(x, prob)
```

Arguments

x a matrix
 prob a matrix, it must have number of columns equal to the number of columns of x and rows that sum to one

Value

a matrix whose dimensions equal the original x

 sample_stochastic_vector

Sample a stochastic vector

Description

Given a vector of counts in cells, `x` and a stochastic matrix `prob`, each row of which describes a probability distribution of how that cell should be distributed among bins, sample destination bins for each cell count, and return a vector giving the number of counts in bins. It is conceptually similar to "stochastically" distributing the vector as `x %*% prob`, which gives the expectation.

Usage

```
sample_stochastic_vector(x, prob)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	a vector
<code>prob</code>	a matrix, it must have number of rows equal to <code>x</code> and rows that sum to one

Value

a vector of length equal to the number of columns of `prob`

setup_alternative_trace

Setup trace driven alternative blood hosts

Description

This model complies with the visitors component interface. It adds a named list `model$alternative`.

Usage

```
setup_alternative_trace(model, O = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>model</code>	an object from make_MicroMoB
<code>O</code>	a time varying trace passed to time_patch_varying_parameter or NULL to set to \emptyset (no alternative blood hosts)

Value

no return value

setup_aqua_BH	<i>Setup aquatic (immature) mosquito model with Beverton-Holt dynamics</i>
---------------	--

Description

A single compartment for all aquatic stages is modeled which suffers density dependent mortality like the Beverton-Holt model.

Usage

```
setup_aqua_BH(model, stochastic, molt, surv, K, L)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
stochastic	should the model update deterministically or stochastically?
molt	proportion of immature stages which will mature and emerge as adults each day (may be time and patch varying see time_patch_varying_parameter)
surv	daily survival probability (may be time and patch varying see time_patch_varying_parameter)
K	carrying capacity (may be time and patch varying see time_patch_varying_parameter)
L	initial number of immature mosquitoes

Details

All parameters can be passed either as a vector of length equal to 1, a matrix with 1 rows and tmax columns, or a matrix with 1 rows and 365 columns.

Value

no return value

setup_aqua_trace	<i>Setup aquatic (immature) mosquito model with trace (forced) emergence</i>
------------------	--

Description

Emergence is passed as a (possibly time varying) parameter which is decoupled from the adult mosquito dynamics. This module assumes l and p are equivalent, as emergence rates are given for p .

Usage

```
setup_aqua_trace(model, lambda, stochastic)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
lambda	daily emergence of mosquitoes, may be time and patch varying, see time_patch_varying_parameter
stochastic	should the model update deterministically or stochastically?

Value

no return value

setup_humans_MOI	<i>Setup humans with MOI (multiplicity of infection) pathogen model</i>
------------------	---

Description

This is a queueing model (M/M/inf) of superinfection in humans.

Usage

```
setup_humans_MOI(
  model,
  stochastic,
  theta,
  wf = NULL,
  H,
  MOI,
  b = 0.55,
  c = 0.15,
  r = 1/200,
  sigma = 1
)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
stochastic	should the model update deterministically or stochastically?
theta	a time spent matrix
wf	biting weights
H	vector of strata population sizes
MOI	a matrix giving the distribution of persons across strata (columns) and multiplicity of infection (rows).
b	transmission efficiency (mosquito to human)
c	transmission efficiency (human to mosquito)
r	recovery rate (inverse of infectious duration)
sigma	control non-independence of pathogen clearance; $\sigma > 1$ indicates competition (clearance is faster than independent) and $\sigma < 1$ indicates facilitation (clearance is slower than independent).

Value

no return value

Note

The [step_humans](#) method for the MOI model will grow the MOI matrix (add rows) if an individual's MOI exceeds the size of the matrix; therefore it's a good idea to pad the input matrix with extra empty rows to avoid reallocating memory during the simulation as much as possible.

setup_humans_SIP	<i>Setup humans with SIP pathogen model</i>
------------------	---

Description

A simple SIP (Susceptible-Infected-Protected) model

Usage

```
setup_humans_SIP(
  model,
  stochastic,
  theta,
  wf = NULL,
  SIP,
  b = 0.55,
  c = 0.15,
  r = 1/200,
  rho = 0.07,
  eta = 1/32
)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
stochastic	should the model update deterministically or stochastically?
theta	a time spent matrix
wf	biting weights
SIP	matrix of strata (rows) by health states (SIP)
b	transmission efficiency (mosquito to human)
c	transmission efficiency (human to mosquito)
r	recovery rate (inverse of infectious duration)
rho	probability of treatment upon infection
eta	rate at which prophylaxis decays

Value

no return value

setup_humans_SIR	<i>Setup humans with SIR infection model</i>
------------------	--

Description

A simple SIR (Susceptible-Infected-Recovered) model

Usage

```
setup_humans_SIR(  
  model,  
  stochastic,  
  theta,  
  wf = NULL,  
  H,  
  SIR,  
  b = 0.55,  
  c = 0.15,  
  gamma = 1/5  
)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
stochastic	should the model update deterministically or stochastically?
theta	a time spent matrix
wf	biting weights
H	vector of strata population sizes
SIR	a matrix giving S, I, R counts (columns) for each strata (rows)
b	transmission efficiency (mosquito to human)
c	transmission efficiency (human to mosquito)
gamma	rate of recovery

Value

no return value

setup_humans_SIS *Setup humans with SIS pathogen model*

Description

A simple SIS (Susceptible-Infected-Susceptible) model

Usage

```
setup_humans_SIS(  
  model,  
  stochastic,  
  theta,  
  wf = NULL,  
  H,  
  X,  
  b = 0.55,  
  c = 0.15,  
  r = 1/200  
)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
stochastic	should the model update deterministically or stochastically?
theta	a time spent matrix
wf	biting weights
H	vector of strata population sizes
X	number of infectious persons in each strata
b	transmission efficiency (mosquito to human)
c	transmission efficiency (human to mosquito)
r	recovery rate (inverse of infectious duration)

Value

no return value

setup_mosquito_BQ	<i>Setup blood feeding & oviposition (BQ) behavioral state mosquito model</i>
-------------------	---

Description

This is a behavioral state model which allows for time varying EIP and survival probability. Mosquitoes transition between blood feeding (B) and oviposition (Q) depending on the success (or not) of those biological activities. It complies with the mosquito component interface, and may be simulated deterministically or stochastically.

Usage

```
setup_mosquito_BQ(
  model,
  stochastic,
  eip,
  pB,
  pQ,
  psiQ,
  Psi_bb,
  Psi_bq,
  Psi_qb,
  Psi_qq,
  nu = 25,
  M,
  Y
)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
stochastic	should the model update deterministically or stochastically?
eip	the Extrinsic Incubation Period (may be time varying see time_varying_parameter)
pB	daily survival probability during blood feeding (may be time and patch varying see time_patch_varying_parameter)
pQ	daily survival probability during oviposition (may be time and patch varying see time_patch_varying_parameter)
psiQ	oviposition success probability (may be time and patch varying see time_patch_varying_parameter)
Psi_bb	movement matrix from blood feeding haunts to blood feeding haunts (columns must sum to 1, p rows and columns)
Psi_bq	movement matrix from blood feeding haunts to aquatic habitats (columns must sum to 1, l rows and p columns)
Psi_qb	movement matrix from aquatic habitats to blood feeding haunts (columns must sum to 1, p rows and l columns)

Psi_qq	movement matrix from aquatic habitats to aquatic habitats (columns must sum to 1, 1 rows and columns)
nu	number of eggs laid per oviposition
M	number of susceptible mosquitoes (vector of length $p + 1$)
Y	number of incubating mosquitoes (matrix with $p + 1$ rows and $\max\text{EIP} + 1$ columns)

Value

no return value

setup_mosquito_RM *Setup generalized Ross-Macdonald mosquito model*

Description

This is a generalized RM model which allows for time varying EIP and survival probability. It complies with the mosquito component interface, and may be simulated deterministically or stochastically.

Usage

```
setup_mosquito_RM(
  model,
  stochastic,
  f = 0.3,
  q = 0.9,
  eip,
  p,
  psi,
  nu = 25,
  M,
  Y,
  Z,
  N = NULL
)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
stochastic	should the model update deterministically or stochastically?
f	the blood feeding rate
q	the human blood feeding fraction
eip	the Extrinsic Incubation Period (may be time varying see time_varying_parameter)
p	daily survival probability (may be time and patch varying see time_patch_varying_parameter)
psi	a mosquito dispersal matrix (rows must sum to 1)

nu	number of eggs laid per oviposition
M	total mosquito density per patch (vector of length p)
Y	density of incubating mosquitoes per patch (vector of length p)
Z	density of infectious mosquitoes per patch (vector of length p)
N	1 by p matrix describing how eggs from mosquitoes in patches are distributed amongst aquatic habitats. If NULL it is the identity matrix of dimension 1.

Value

no return value

setup_mosquito_trace *Setup null mosquito model*

Description

This is a null model of mosquito dynamics that is only for testing/verifying aquatic models. It implements a single method [compute_oviposit.trace](#) and all other methods throw an error.

Usage

```
setup_mosquito_trace(model, oviposit)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
oviposit	a vector of length p used as a return value for compute_oviposit

Value

no return value

setup_visitor_trace *Setup trace driven visitors*

Description

This model complies with the visitors component interface. It adds a named list `model$visitor`.

Usage

```
setup_visitor_trace(model, Wd = NULL, xd = NULL)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
Wd	a time varying trace of visitor host availability passed to time_patch_varying_parameter or NULL to set to 0 (no visitors)
xd	a time varying trace of visitor net infectiousness passed to time_patch_varying_parameter or NULL to set to 0 (no visitors)

Value

no return value

set_eip_mosquito_RM *Set extrinsic incubation period for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model*

Description

Change the extrinsic incubation period parameter eip for some set of times. The new values eip should either be a scalar or a vector of length equal to the length of times.

Usage

```
set_eip_mosquito_RM(model, eip, times)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
eip	new extrinsic incubation period values
times	vector of times to set the new values

Value

no return value

set_f_mosquito_RM *Set feeding rate for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model*

Description

Change the feeding rate parameter f .

Usage

```
set_f_mosquito_RM(model, f)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
f	new blood feeding rate

Value

no return value

set_kappa_mosquito_RM *Set kappa for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model*

Description

Change kappa.

Usage

```
set_kappa_mosquito_RM(model, kappa)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
kappa	new value of kappa

Value

no return value

set_K_aqua_BH *Set carrying capacity for Beverton-Holt aquatic mosquito model*

Description

Change the carrying capacity parameter `K` for some times and places. The parameter `K` is stored internally as a matrix so that `times` and `places` are used to modify a submatrix, therefore the new value `K` should either be a scalar value to update the entire submatrix or a matrix of `places` rows and `times` columns.

Usage

```
set_K_aqua_BH(model, K, times, places)
```

Arguments

<code>model</code>	an object from make_MicroMoB
<code>K</code>	new carrying capacity
<code>times</code>	vector of times to set the new values
<code>places</code>	vector of places to set the new values

Value

no return value

set_lambda_aqua_trace *Set daily emergence for trace (forced) aquatic mosquito model*

Description

Change the daily emergence parameter `lambda` for some times and places. The parameter `lambda` is stored internally as a matrix so that `times` and `places` are used to modify a submatrix, therefore the new value `lambda` should either be a scalar value to update the entire submatrix or a matrix of `places` rows and `times` columns.

Usage

```
set_lambda_aqua_trace(model, lambda, times, places)
```

Arguments

<code>model</code>	an object from make_MicroMoB
<code>lambda</code>	new emergence
<code>times</code>	vector of times to set the new values
<code>places</code>	vector of places to set the new values

Value

no return value

set_molt_aqua_BH	<i>Set daily maturation probability for Beverton-Holt aquatic mosquito model</i>
------------------	--

Description

Change the daily maturation probability parameter `molt` for some times and places. The parameter `molt` is stored internally as a matrix so that `times` and `places` are used to modify a submatrix, therefore the new value `molt` should either be a scalar value to update the entire submatrix or a matrix of places rows and times columns.

Usage

```
set_molt_aqua_BH(model, molt, times, places)
```

Arguments

<code>model</code>	an object from make_MicroMoB
<code>molt</code>	new daily maturation probability
<code>times</code>	vector of times to set the new values
<code>places</code>	vector of places to set the new values

Value

no return value

set_nu_mosquito_RM	<i>Set number of eggs laid per oviposition for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Change the number of eggs laid per oviposition parameter `nu`.

Usage

```
set_nu_mosquito_RM(model, nu)
```

Arguments

<code>model</code>	an object from make_MicroMoB
<code>nu</code>	new number of eggs laid per oviposition

Value

no return value

set_psi_mosquito_RM *Set mosquito dispersal matrix for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model*

Description

Change the mosquito dispersal matrix parameter `psi`.

Usage

```
set_psi_mosquito_RM(model, psi)
```

Arguments

<code>model</code>	an object from make_MicroMoB
<code>psi</code>	new mosquito dispersal matrix

Value

no return value

set_p_mosquito_RM *Set daily survival probability for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model*

Description

Change the daily survival probability parameter `p` for some times and places. The parameter `p` is stored internally as a matrix so that `times` and `places` are used to modify a submatrix, therefore the new value `p` should either be a scalar value to update the entire submatrix or a matrix of `places` rows and `times` columns.

Usage

```
set_p_mosquito_RM(model, p, times, places)
```

Arguments

<code>model</code>	an object from make_MicroMoB
<code>p</code>	new human blood feeding fraction
<code>times</code>	vector of times to set the new values
<code>places</code>	vector of places to set the new values

Value

no return value

set_q_mosquito_RM *Set human blood feeding fraction for Ross-Macdonald mosquito model*

Description

Change the human blood feeding fraction parameter q .

Usage

```
set_q_mosquito_RM(model, q)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
q	new human blood feeding fraction

Value

no return value

set_surv_aqua_BH *Set daily survival probability for Beverton-Holt aquatic mosquito model*

Description

Change the daily survival probability parameter $surv$ for some times and places. The parameter $surv$ is stored internally as a matrix so that $times$ and $places$ are used to modify a submatrix, therefore the new value $surv$ should either be a scalar value to update the entire submatrix or a matrix of $places$ rows and $times$ columns.

Usage

```
set_surv_aqua_BH(model, surv, times, places)
```

Arguments

model	an object from make_MicroMoB
surv	new daily survival probability
times	vector of times to set the new values
places	vector of places to set the new values

Value

no return value

step_aqua	<i>Update aquatic (immature) mosquito populations</i>
-----------	---

Description

This method dispatches on the type of `model$aqua`

Usage

```
step_aqua(model)
```

Arguments

`model` an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_aqua.BH	<i>Update aquatic (immature) mosquito populations for Beverton-Holt dynamics</i>
--------------	--

Description

This function dispatches on the second class attribute of `model$aqua` for stochastic or deterministic behavior.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BH'
step_aqua(model)
```

Arguments

`model` an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

```
step_aqua.BH_deterministic
```

Update aquatic (immature) mosquito populations for deterministic Beverton-Holt dynamics

Description

Run a deterministic state update.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BH_deterministic'  
step_aqua(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

```
step_aqua.BH_stochastic
```

Update aquatic (immature) mosquito populations for stochastic Beverton-Holt dynamics

Description

Run a stochastic state update.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BH_stochastic'  
step_aqua(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_aqua.trace	<i>Update aquatic (immature) mosquito populations for forced emergence</i>
-----------------	--

Description

This function does nothing as trace models do not have endogenous dynamics.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'trace'
step_aqua(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_humans	<i>Update human population</i>
-------------	--------------------------------

Description

This method dispatches on the type of model\$human.

Usage

```
step_humans(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_humans.MOI	<i>Update MOI human model</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------

Description

Update MOI human model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MOI'  
step_humans(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_humans.MOI_deterministic	<i>Update MOI human model (deterministic)</i>
-------------------------------	---

Description

Update MOI human model (deterministic)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MOI_deterministic'  
step_humans(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_humans.MOI_stochastic

Update MOI human model (stochastic)

Description

Update MOI human model (stochastic)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MOI_stochastic'  
step_humans(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_humans.SIP

Update SIP human model

Description

Update SIP human model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIP'  
step_humans(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_humans.SIP_deterministic
Update SIP human model (deterministic)

Description

Update SIP human model (deterministic)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIP_deterministic'  
step_humans(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_humans.SIP_stochastic
Update SIP human model (stochastic)

Description

Update SIP human model (stochastic)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIP_stochastic'  
step_humans(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_humans.SIR	<i>Update SIR human model</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------

Description

Update SIR human model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIR'  
step_humans(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_humans.SIR_deterministic	<i>Update SIR human model (deterministic)</i>
-------------------------------	---

Description

Update SIR human model (deterministic)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIR_deterministic'  
step_humans(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_humans.SIR_stochastic
Update SIR human model (stochastic)

Description

Update SIR human model (stochastic)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIR_stochastic'  
step_humans(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_humans.SIS *Update SIS human model*

Description

Update SIS human model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIS'  
step_humans(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_humans.SIS_deterministic
Update SIS human model (deterministic)

Description

Update SIS human model (deterministic)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIS_deterministic'  
step_humans(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_humans.SIS_stochastic
Update SIS human model (stochastic)

Description

Update SIS human model (stochastic)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SIS_stochastic'  
step_humans(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_mosquitoes	<i>Update mosquito population</i>
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Description

This method dispatches on the type of `model$mosquito`

Usage

```
step_mosquitoes(model)
```

Arguments

`model` an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_mosquitoes.BQ	<i>Update blood feeding & oviposition (BQ) behavioral state mosquitoes</i>
--------------------	--

Description

This function dispatches on the second argument of `model$mosquito` for stochastic or deterministic behavior.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BQ'
step_mosquitoes(model)
```

Arguments

`model` an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Details

see [step_mosquitoes.BQ_deterministic](#) and [step_mosquitoes.BQ_stochastic](#)

Value

no return value

step_mosquitoes.BQ_deterministic

*Update blood feeding & oviposition (BQ) behavioral state mosquitoes
(deterministic)*

Description

Update blood feeding & oviposition (BQ) behavioral state mosquitoes (deterministic)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BQ_deterministic'  
step_mosquitoes(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_mosquitoes.BQ_stochastic

*Update blood feeding & oviposition (BQ) behavioral state mosquitoes
(stochastic)*

Description

Update blood feeding & oviposition (BQ) behavioral state mosquitoes (stochastic)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BQ_stochastic'  
step_mosquitoes(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_mosquitoes.RM	<i>Update Ross-Macdonald mosquitoes</i>
--------------------	---

Description

This function dispatches on the second argument of `model$mosquito` to for stochastic or deterministic behavior.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'RM'  
step_mosquitoes(model)
```

Arguments

`model` an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Details

see [step_mosquitoes.RM_deterministic](#) and [step_mosquitoes.RM_stochastic](#)

Value

no return value

step_mosquitoes.RM_deterministic	<i>Update Ross-Macdonald mosquitoes (deterministic)</i>
----------------------------------	---

Description

Update Ross-Macdonald mosquitoes (deterministic)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'RM_deterministic'  
step_mosquitoes(model)
```

Arguments

`model` an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_mosquitoes.RM_stochastic

Update Ross-Macdonald mosquitoes (stochastic)

Description

Update Ross-Macdonald mosquitoes (stochastic)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'RM_stochastic'  
step_mosquitoes(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

step_mosquitoes.trace *Update null mosquito population*

Description

Update null mosquito population

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'trace'  
step_mosquitoes(model)
```

Arguments

model an object from [make_MicroMoB](#)

Value

no return value

`strata_to_residency_counts`*Helper function for lumped population strata (counts)*

Description

If input is given as a matrix of population counts per strata (columns) and patch (rows), this function calculates the residency matrix and population size for the overall stratification of both residency and strata.

Usage

```
strata_to_residency_counts(H_counts)
```

Arguments

`H_counts` a matrix of population counts

Value

a [list](#) with three elements:

- J: the residency matrix mapping elements in H to patches
- H: the overall population distribution over strata and patches

Examples

```
# taken from package tests
J <- matrix(
  c(0.3, 0.5, 0.2,
    0.1, 0.6, 0.3), nrow = 3, ncol = 2, byrow = FALSE
)
H <- c(50, 60)
H_overall <- J %*% diag(H)
residency <- strata_to_residency_proportion(H_strata = H, J_strata = J)
```

`strata_to_residency_proportion`*Helper function for lumped population strata (proportional assignment)*

Description

If input is given as a vector of population sizes per-strata, lumped over patches, and a separate matrix whose columns describe how each strata is distributed over patches, this function calculates the residency matrix and population size for the overall stratification of both residency and strata.

Usage

```
strata_to_residency_proportion(H_strata, J_strata)
```

Arguments

H_strata a vector of population size by strata
 J_strata a matrix whose columns sum to one giving the distribution of strata (columns)
 populations over patches (rows)

Value

a *list* with three elements:

- `assignment_indices`: provides a mapping from patch (rows) and strata (columns) into the "unrolled" vector H
- `J`: the residency matrix mapping elements in H to patches
- `H`: the overall population distribution over strata and patches

Examples

```
# taken from package tests
J <- matrix(
  c(0.3, 0.5, 0.2,
    0.1, 0.6, 0.3), nrow = 3, ncol = 2, byrow = FALSE
)
H <- c(50, 60)
# get the overall assignment of strata (cols) across patches (rows)
H_overall <- J %%% diag(H)
residency <- strata_to_residency_proportion(H_strata = H, J_strata = J)
```

time_patch_varying_parameter

Input parameters that may vary by time and patch

Description

Input parameters that may vary by time and patch

Usage

```
time_patch_varying_parameter(param, p, tmax)
```

Arguments

param if given a matrix, it must have nrows equal to p and ncols equal to either tmax
 or 365; if given a vector it must be of length p, tmax, or 365.
 p number of patches
 tmax number of time steps

Value

a matrix with p rows and tmax columns

time_varying_parameter

Input parameters that may vary by time

Description

Input parameters that may vary by time

Usage

time_varying_parameter(param, tmax)

Arguments

param	a vector of length 1, tmax, or 365.
tmax	number of time steps

Value

a vector with tmax elements

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