

Package ‘cnd’

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Title Create and Register Conditions

Version 0.1.1

Description An interface for creating new condition generators objects.
Generators are special functions that can be saved in registries and linked to other functions. Utilities for documenting your generators, and new conditions is provided for package development.

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BugReports <https://github.com/jmbarbone/cnd/issues>

URL <https://jmbarbone.github.io/cnd/>, <https://github.com/jmbarbone/cnd>

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Author Jordan Mark Barbone [aut, cph, cre] (ORCID:
<<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-9788-3628>>)

Maintainer Jordan Mark Barbone <jmbarbone@gmail.com>

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cnd_create_registry *Create a registration*

Description

This function will create a new object with the name as name in the environment where it is called. This is intended to be your package environment, but could potentially be anywhere you want. If an object which is not a cnd:registry object is found with the same name, an error will be thrown.

Usage

```
cnd_create_registry(
  registry = get_package(),
  overwrite = FALSE,
  name = "__CND_REGISTRY__",
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

registry	The name of the registry
overwrite	When TRUE will overwrite
name	The name of the registry variable. Default is intended to prevent potential conflicts with other objects.
env	The environment to assign the registry to

Details

Crates a new cnd:registry to the current environment

Value

a cnd:registry object, invisibly

Examples

```
# In most cases, just having the function in your R/ scripts is good enough,
# and you can use `cnd_create_registry()` with its defaults. The following
# examples are for demonstration purposes:
e <- new.env()
cnd_create_registry("EXAMPLE", env = e)
cnd_create_registry("EXAMPLE", overwrite = TRUE)
```

cnd_document	<i>Document your conditions</i>
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Description

Documents your `conditions()` and `conditions()`

Usage

```
cnd_document(
  package = get_package(),
  registry = package,
  file = file.path("R", paste0(package, "-cnd-conditions.R")),
  cleanup = TRUE
)

cnd_section(fun)
```

Arguments

package	The package to document
registry	The name of the registry
file	The file to save the documentation. This can be a file path, a connection object, or NULL. When file is a path, the directory of the path is searched for files containing # % Generated by cnd: do not edit by hand. These are removed if they are not the same as the generated documentation.
cleanup	If FALSE will not remove files containing # % Generated by cnd: do not edit by hand
fun	The name of a function

Value

- `cnd_document()` Conditional on the file argument:
 - when file is a connection, the connection object
 - when file is a path, the path
 - when file is NULL, a character vector of the documentation
 - if no conditions are found, a warning is thrown and NULL is returned
- `cnd_section()` A character vector of the documentation

conditions

Conditions are generated through the `{cnd}` package. The following conditions are associated with this function:

`cnd:cnd_document_conditions/warning` Documentation will fail when no conditions are found. You may be executing `cnd_document()` too early, before conditions have been registered. You can try to find your conditions with `conditions()`.

cnd:cnd_document_file/error The file argument to `cnd_document()` must be a file path, a connection object, or NULL to return the documentation as a character vector. The default value should be suitable for standard use cases.

cnd:cnd_document_pkg_reg/error Both package and registry must be set to document conditions. You can set a registry by adding `cnd_create_registry()` calls to your package code.

cnd:cnd_generated_cleanup/message Some files created during the documentation process may become obsolete while updating your conditions.

cnd:cnd_generated_write/condition This condition is signaled when `cnd_document()` needs to write new documentation files.

For more conditions, see: [cnd-cnd-conditions](#)

Examples

```
file <- file()
cnd_document("cnd", file = file)
readLines(file)

cnd_section("cnd")
```

cnd_exports

Add conditions to functions

Description

`[cnd::cnd_exports()]` should be used within a package's building environment.

Usage

```
cnd_exports(env = parent.frame())
```

Arguments

env The package environment

Value

Nothing, called for its side-effects

Examples

```
e <- new.env()
registry <- cnd_create_registry("EXAMPLE", env = e)
local(envir = e, {
  my_fun <- function() NULL
  condition(
    "my_condition",
    package = "example_package",
```

```
    exports = "my_fun",
    registry = registry
  )
  cnd_exports()
})

# conditions are now added to my_fun():
e$my_fun
conditions(e$my_fun)
```

cnd_is

is *functions for cnd*

Description

is functions for [cnd](#)

Usage

```
is_condition(x)

is_cnd_condition(x)

is_cnd_generator(x, type = c("error", "warning", "message", "condition"))

is_conditioned_function(x)
```

Arguments

x	An object
type	A specific type to check

Value

TRUE or FALSE for the test

Examples

```
is_condition(simpleCondition(""))
is_cnd_condition(simpleCondition(""))

con <- condition("is")
is_condition(con)
is_cnd_condition(con)

is_condition(con())
is_cnd_condition(con())

is_cnd_generator(con)
```

```
is_conditioned_function(cnd)
```

```
condition
```

```
Conditions
```

Description

`condition()` is used to create a new condition function that itself returns a new condition.

`conditions()` retrieves all conditions based on search values. The parameters serve as filtering arguments.

Usage

```
condition(
  class,
  message = NULL,
  type = c("condition", "message", "warning", "error"),
  package = get_package(),
  exports = NULL,
  help = NULL,
  registry = package,
  register = !is.null(registry)
)

conditions(
  ...,
  class = NULL,
  type = NULL,
  package = NULL,
  registry = NULL,
  fun = NULL
)

cond(x)

cnd(condition)

conditions(x, ...) <- value

## S3 replacement method for class `function`
conditions(x, append = FALSE, ...) <- value

## S3 replacement method for class `cnd::condition_progenitor`
conditions(x, ...) <- value
```

Arguments

class	The name of the new class
message	The message to be displayed when the condition is called. When entered as a character vector, the message is collapsed into a single string. Use explicit line returns to generate new lines in output messages. When a function is used and a character vector returned, each element is treated as a new line.
type	The type of condition: error, warning, or message
package	The package to which the condition belongs
exports	The exported functions to be displayed when the condition is called
help	The help message to be displayed for the condition function
registry	The name of the registry to store the condition
register	Controls registration checks
...	Additional arguments passed to methods
fun	if a function is passed, then retrieves the "conditions" attribute
x	An object
condition	A condition_generator object
value	A condition
append	If TRUE, adds to the conditions attribute

Details

Conditions

Value

- [condition\(\)](#) a [condition_generator](#) object
- [conditions\(\)](#) a list of [condition_generator](#) objects
- [cond\(\)](#) A [condition_generator](#) object
- [cnd\(\)](#) is a wrapper for calling [stop\(\)](#), [warning\(\)](#), or [message\(\)](#); when condition is a type, an error is thrown, and likewise for the other types. When an error isn't thrown, the condition is returned, invisibly.

[condition_generator](#)

A [condition_generator](#) is an object (a special [function](#)) which can be used to create generate a new condition, based on specifications applied in [condition\(\)](#). These functions use ... to absorb extra arguments and contain a special .call parameter. By default, .call captures the parent call from where the [condition_generator](#) was created, but users may pass their own call to override this. See call. in [conditionCall\(\)](#)

condition() conditions

Conditions are generated through the `{cnd}` package. The following conditions are associated with this function:

`cnd:as_character_cnd_error/error` You cannot coerce a `condition_generator` object to a character. This may have occurred when trying to put a condition function through `stop()` or `warning`. Instead, call the function first, then pass the result to `stop()` or `warning()`.

For example:

```
# Instead of this
stop(my_condition)

# Do this
stop(my_condition())
```

`cnd:condition_message_generator/error` `condition_generator` objects are not conditions. You may have made this mistake:

```
x <- condition("my_condition")
conditionMessage(x)
```

Condition generators need to be called first before they can be used as conditions. Try this instead:

```
x <- condition("my_condition")
conditionMessage(x())
```

`cnd:condition_overwrite/warning` Defining a new condition with the same class and package as an existing condition will overwrite the previous definition. It is recommended to either avoid this by fully defining your condition, or creating a new condition instead.

`cnd:invalid_condition/error` The class, exports, and help parameters must be a single character string. If you are passing a function, it must be a valid function.

`cnd:invalid_condition_message/error` Conditions messages are displayed when invoked through `conditionMessage()`. You can set a static message by passing through a character vector, or a dynamic message by passing through a function. The function should return a character vector.

When message is not set, a default "there was an error" message is used.

`cnd:match_arg/error` Mostly `match.arg()` but with a custom condition

`cnd:no_package_exports/warning` The exports parameter requires a package

For more conditions, see: [cnd-cnd-conditions](#)

cnd() conditions

Conditions are generated through the `{cnd}` package. The following conditions are associated with this function:

`cnd:cond_cnd_class/error` `cnd()` simple calls the appropriate function: `stop()`, `warning()`, or `message()` based on the type parameter from `condition()`.

For more conditions, see: [cnd-cnd-conditions](#)

See Also[cnd-package](#)**Examples**

```
# create a new condition:
cond_bad_value <- condition("bad_value", type = "error")

# use the condition
try(stop(cond_bad_value()))
try(cnd(cond_bad_value()))

# dynamic messages:
cond_class_error <- condition(
  "class_error",
  message = function(x) paste("class cannot be", toString(class(x))),
  type = "error"
)
try(stop(cond_class_error(list())))
```

format-conditions *Format conditions*

Description

Formats [condition](#) objects

Usage

```
## S3 method for class '`cnd::condition`'
format(x, ..., cli = getOption("cnd.cli.override"))

## S3 method for class '`cnd::condition_generator`'
format(x, ..., cli = getOption("cnd.cli.override"))
```

Arguments

x	A condition object
...	Not used
cli	If TRUE will use formatting from cli . Default uses an option, "cnd.cli.override", if available, otherwise checks that cli is installed and ansi colors are available.

Value

A character vector

Examples

```
format(condition("foo"))
```

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