

Package ‘fpCompare’

May 26, 2026

Type Package

Title Reliable Comparison of Floating Point Numbers

Version 0.2.6

Description Comparisons of floating point numbers are problematic due to errors associated with the binary representation of decimal numbers.

Despite being aware of these problems, people still use numerical methods that fail to account for these and other rounding errors (this pitfall is the first to be highlighted in Circle 1 of Burns (2012)

'The R Inferno' <https://www.burns-stat.com/pages/Tutor/R_inferno.pdf>).

This package provides new relational operators useful for performing floating point number comparisons with a set tolerance.

URL <https://fpcompare.predictiveecology.org>,
<https://github.com/PredictiveEcology/fpCompare>

BugReports <https://github.com/PredictiveEcology/fpCompare/issues>

License GPL-3

Depends R (>= 4.1)

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.0.0), withr

Encoding UTF-8

Language en-CA

VignetteBuilder knitr

ByteCompile yes

Config/Needs/coverage covr

Config/Needs/website pkgdown

Config/testthat/edition 3

Config/roxygen2/version 8.0.0

NeedsCompilation no

Author Alex M Chubaty [aut, cre] (ORCID:

<<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-7146-8135>>),

His Majesty the King in Right of Canada, as represented by the Minister of Natural Resources Canada [cph]

Maintainer Alex M Chubaty <achubaty@for-cast.ca>

Repository CRAN

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<code>%>=%</code>	<i>Relational operators with tolerance</i>
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Description

Binary operators which allow the comparison of values in numeric vectors.

Usage

`x %>=% y`

`x %>>% y`

`x %<=% y`

`x %<<% y`

`x %==% y`

`x %!=% y`

Arguments

`x` Any numeric object.

`y` Any numeric object.

Details

These are similar to their counterparts in base, except a tolerance `fpCompare.tolerance` can be specified via options to account for floating point rounding errors:

<code>fpCompare</code>	base
<code>%>=%</code>	<code>>=</code>
<code>%>>%</code>	<code>></code>
<code>%<=%</code>	<code><=</code>
<code>%<<%</code>	<code><</code>

```
%%=% ==  
%!=% !=
```

Inspired by R FAQ 7.31 (https://cran.r-project.org/doc/FAQ/R-FAQ.html#Why-doesn_0027t-R-think-these-num-003f) and this post (<https://stackoverflow.com/a/2769618/1380598>).

Value

A logical vector indicating the result of the element-by-element comparison. The elements of shorter vectors are recycled as necessary.

Author(s)

Alex Chubaty

See Also

[all.equal\(\)](#), [.Machine\(\)](#)

Examples

```
x1 <- 0.5 - 0.3  
x2 <- 0.3 - 0.1  
x1 == x2 ## FALSE on most machines  
x1 %==% x2 ## TRUE everywhere  
identical(all.equal(x1, x2), TRUE) ## TRUE everywhere
```

```
set.seed(123)  
a <- 1:6  
b <- jitter(1:6, 1e-7)  
print(rbind(a, b), digits = 16)
```

```
b %<=% a  
b %<<% a  
b %>=% a  
b %>>% a  
b %==% a  
b %!=% a
```

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