

# Package ‘oHMMed’

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**Type** Package

**Title** HMMs with Ordered Hidden States and Emission Densities

**Version** 1.0.2

**Description** Inference using a class of Hidden Markov models (HMMs) called 'oHMMed'(ordered HMM with emission densities <[doi:10.1186/s12859-024-05751-4](https://doi.org/10.1186/s12859-024-05751-4)>): The 'oHMMed' algorithms identify the number of comparably homogeneous regions within observed sequences with autocorrelation patterns. These are modelled as discrete hidden states; the observed data points are then realisations of continuous probability distributions with state-specific means that enable ordering of these distributions. The observed sequence is labelled according to the hidden states, permitting only neighbouring states that are also neighbours within the ordering of their associated distributions. The parameters that characterise these state-specific distributions are then inferred. Relevant for application to genomic sequences, time series, or any other sequence data with serial autocorrelation.

**License** GPL-3

**URL** <https://github.com/LynetteCaitlin/oHMMed>,  
<https://lynettecaitlin.github.io/oHMMed/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/LynetteCaitlin/oHMMed/issues>

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oHMMed-package

*oHMMed: HMMs with Ordered Hidden States and Emission Densities*

---

## Description

Inference using a class of Hidden Markov models (HMMs) called 'oHMMed' (ordered HMM with emission densities [doi:10.1186/s12859024057514](https://doi.org/10.1186/s12859024057514)): The 'oHMMed' algorithms identify the number of comparably homogeneous regions within observed sequences with autocorrelation patterns. These are modelled as discrete hidden states; the observed data points are then realisations of continuous probability distributions with state-specific means that enable ordering of these distributions. The observed sequence is labelled according to the hidden states, permitting only neighbouring states that are also neighbours within the ordering of their associated distributions. The parameters that characterise these state-specific distributions are then inferred. Relevant for application to genomic sequences, time series, or any other sequence data with serial autocorrelation.

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**References**

Claus Vogl, Mariia Karapetians, Burçin Yıldırım, Hrönn Kjartansdóttir, Carolin Kosiol, Juraj Bergman, Michal Majka, Lynette Caitlin Mikula. Inference of genomic landscapes using ordered Hidden Markov Models with emission densities (oHMMed). BMC Bioinformatics 25, 151 (2024). [doi:10.1186/s12859024057514](https://doi.org/10.1186/s12859024057514)

**See Also**

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/LynetteCaitlin/oHMMed>
- <https://lynettecaitlin.github.io/oHMMed/>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/LynetteCaitlin/oHMMed/issues>

---

coef.hmm\_mcmc\_normal *Extract Model Estimates*

---

**Description**

coef is a generic function which extracts model estimates from mcmc\_hmm\_\* objects

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'hmm_mcmc_normal'  
coef(object, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'hmm_mcmc_gamma_poisson'  
coef(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	an object of class inheriting from "mcmc_hmm_*
...	not used

**Value**

Estimates extracted from MCMC HMM objects

## Examples

```
coef(example_hmm_mcmc_normal)
coef(example_hmm_mcmc_gamma_poisson)
```

---

conf\_mat

*Calculate and Visualise a Confusion Matrix*

---

## Description

A diagnostic function that tests the reliability of estimation procedures given the inferred transition rates

## Usage

```
conf_mat(N, res, plot = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

N	(numeric) number of simulations
res	(mcmc_hmm_*) simulated MCMC HMM model
plot	(logical) plot confusion matrix. By default TRUE

## Details

First the data is simulated given the inferred model parameters and transition rates. Then posterior probabilities are calculated and states are inferred. Finally, the inferred states and simulated states are compared via [confusion\\_matrix](#) function.

## Value

[confusion\\_matrix](#)

## Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  res <- conf_mat(100, example_hmm_mcmc_normal, plot = TRUE)
}
```

---

convert_to_ggmcmc	<i>Converts MCMC Samples into ggmcmc Format</i>
-------------------	---

---

## Description

This helper function converts MCMC samples into ggmcmc format

## Usage

```
convert_to_ggmcmc(
  x,
  pattern = c("mean", "sigma", "beta", "alpha", "pois_means", "T"),
  include_warmup = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

`x` (mcmc\_hmm\_\*) MCMC HMM object

`pattern` (character) pattern(s) with model parameters to be included in the output

`include_warmup` (logical) include warmup samples. By default FALSE

## Details

By default, for a given model, all parameters are converted into ggmcmc format.

The parameter `pattern` can be used to extract specific parameters. For instance `pattern="mean"` extracts all mean parameters from a `hmm_mcmc_normal` model.

If a specific parameter is of interest it can be matched by an exact name: `pattern=c("mean[1]", "T[1,1]")`.

## Value

data.frame compatible with functions from the ggmcmc package

## Examples

```
# Convert all parameters (Normal model)
convert_normal_all <- convert_to_ggmcmc(example_hmm_mcmc_normal)
unique(convert_normal_all$Parameter)
head(convert_normal_all)
tail(convert_normal_all)

# Convert only means (Normal model)
convert_normal_means <- convert_to_ggmcmc(example_hmm_mcmc_normal,
                                           pattern = "mean")
unique(convert_normal_means$Parameter)

# Convert selected parameter (Normal model)
```

```
pattern_normal <- c("mean[1]", "sigma[1]", "T[1,1]")
convert_normal_param <- convert_to_ggmcmc(example_hmm_mcmc_normal,
                                          pattern = pattern_normal)
unique(convert_normal_param$Parameter)

# Convert all parameters (Poisson-Gamma model)
convert_pois_gamma_all <- convert_to_ggmcmc(example_hmm_mcmc_gamma_poisson)
unique(convert_pois_gamma_all$Parameter)
```

---

eigen\_system

*Calculate Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors*

---

### Description

This helper function returns the eigenvalues in lambda and the left and right eigenvectors in forwards and backwards

### Usage

```
eigen_system(mat)
```

### Arguments

mat (matrix) a square matrix

### Value

a list with three elements:

- lambda: eigenvalues
- forwards: left eigenvector
- backwards: right eigenvector

### Examples

```
mat_T0 <- rbind(c(1-0.01,0.01,0),
               c(0.01,1-0.02,0.01),
               c(0,0.01,1-0.01))
eigen_system(mat_T0)
```

---

example\_hmm\_mcmc\_gamma\_poisson

*Example of a Simulated Gamma-Poisson Model*

---

### **Description**

Example of a Simulated Gamma-Poisson Model

### **Usage**

```
example_hmm_mcmc_gamma_poisson
```

### **Format**

hmm\_mcmc\_gamma\_poisson object

### **Examples**

```
# Data stored in the object
hist(example_hmm_mcmc_gamma_poisson$data,
      breaks = 50, xlab = "", main = "")

# Priors used in simulation
example_hmm_mcmc_gamma_poisson$priors

# Model
example_hmm_mcmc_gamma_poisson

summary(example_hmm_mcmc_gamma_poisson)
```

---

example\_hmm\_mcmc\_normal

*Example of a Simulated Normal Model*

---

### **Description**

Example of a Simulated Normal Model

### **Usage**

```
example_hmm_mcmc_normal
```

### **Format**

hmm\_mcmc\_normal object

**Examples**

```
# Data stored in the object
plot(density(example_hmm_mcmc_normal$data), main = "")

# Priors used in simulation
example_hmm_mcmc_normal$priors

# Model
example_hmm_mcmc_normal

summary(example_hmm_mcmc_normal)
```

---

generate_random_T	<i>Generate a Random Transition Matrix</i>
-------------------	--

---

**Description**

This helper function generates a transition matrix at random for testing purposes

**Usage**

```
generate_random_T(n = 3)
```

**Arguments**

n (integer) dimension of a transition matrix

**Details**

Uniform random numbers  $[0, 1]$  are used to fill the matrix. Rows are then normalized.

**Value**

random  $n \times n$  transition matrix

**Examples**

```
mat_T <- generate_random_T(3)
mat_T

rowSums(mat_T)
```

---

`get_pi`*Get the Prior Probability of States*

---

**Description**

Calculate the prior probability of states that correspond to the stationary distribution of the transition matrix  $T$

**Usage**

```
get_pi(mat_T = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

`mat_T` (matrix) transition matrix

**Details**

It is assumed that the prior probability of states corresponds to the stationary distribution of the transition matrix  $T$ , denoted with  $\pi$  and its entries with  $\pi_i = Pr(\theta_{l-1} = i)$ .

**Value**

A numeric vector

**Examples**

```
T_mat <- rbind(c(1-0.01,0.01,0),
               c(0.01,1-0.02,0.01),
               c(0,0.01,1-0.01))
T_mat
get_pi(T_mat)
```

---

`hmm_mcmc_gamma_poisson`*MCMC Sampler sampler for the Hidden Markov with Gamma-Poisson emission densities*

---

**Description**

MCMC Sampler sampler for the Hidden Markov with Gamma-Poisson emission densities

**Usage**

```

hmm_mcmc_gamma_poisson(
  data,
  prior_T,
  prior_betas,
  prior_alpha = 1,
  iter = 5000,
  warmup = floor(iter/1.5),
  thin = 1,
  seed = sample.int(.Machine$integer.max, 1),
  init_T = NULL,
  init_betas = NULL,
  init_alpha = NULL,
  print_params = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)

```

**Arguments**

<code>data</code>	(numeric) data
<code>prior_T</code>	(matrix) prior transition matrix
<code>prior_betas</code>	(numeric) prior beta parameters
<code>prior_alpha</code>	(numeric) a single prior alpha parameter. By default, <code>prior_alpha=1</code>
<code>iter</code>	(integer) number of MCMC iterations
<code>warmup</code>	(integer) number of warmup iterations
<code>thin</code>	(integer) thinning parameter. By default, 1
<code>seed</code>	(integer) seed parameter
<code>init_T</code>	(matrix) optional parameter; initial transition matrix
<code>init_betas</code>	(numeric) optional parameter; initial beta parameters
<code>init_alpha</code>	(numeric) optional parameter; initial alpha parameter
<code>print_params</code>	(logical) optional parameter; print estimated parameters every iteration. By default, TRUE
<code>verbose</code>	(logical) optional parameter; print additional messages. By default, TRUE

**Details**

Please see [supplementary information](https://doi.org/10.1186/s12859024057514) at doi:10.1186/s12859024057514 for more details on the algorithm.

For usage recommendations please see <https://github.com/LynetteCaitlin/oHMMed/blob/main/UsageRecommendations.pdf>.

**Value**

List with following elements:

- `data`: data used for simulation
- `samples`: list with samples
- `estimates`: list with various estimates
- `idx`: indices with iterations after the warmup period
- `priors`: prior parameters
- `inits`: initial parameters
- `last_iter`: list with samples from the last MCMC iteration
- `info`: list with various meta information about the object

**References**

Claus Vogl, Mariia Karapetiants, Burçin Yıldırım, Hrönn Kjartansdóttir, Carolin Kosiol, Juraj Bergman, Michal Majka, Lynette Caitlin Mikula. Inference of genomic landscapes using ordered Hidden Markov Models with emission densities (oHMMed). *BMC Bioinformatics* 25, 151 (2024). [doi:10.1186/s12859024057514](https://doi.org/10.1186/s12859024057514)

**Examples**

```
# Simulate Poisson-Gamma data
N <- 2^10
true_T <- rbind(c(0.95, 0.05, 0),
               c(0.025, 0.95, 0.025),
               c(0.0, 0.05, 0.95))

true_betas <- c(2, 1, 0.1)
true_alpha <- 1

simdata_full <- hmm_simulate_gamma_poisson_data(L = N,
                                              mat_T = true_T,
                                              betas = true_betas,
                                              alpha = true_alpha)

simdata <- simdata_full$data
hist(simdata, breaks = 40, probability = TRUE,
     main = "Distribution of the simulated Poisson-Gamma data")
lines(density(simdata), col = "red")

# Set numbers of states to be inferred
n_states_inferred <- 3

# Set priors
prior_T <- generate_random_T(n_states_inferred)
prior_betas <- c(1, 0.5, 0.1)
prior_alpha <- 3

# Simulation settings
iter <- 50
```

```

warmup <- floor(iter / 5) # 20 percent
thin <- 1
seed <- sample.int(10000, 1)
print_params <- FALSE # if TRUE then parameters are printed in each iteration
verbose <- FALSE # if TRUE then the state of the simulation is printed

# Run MCMC sampler
res <- hmm_mcmc_gamma_poisson(data = simdata,
                             prior_T = prior_T,
                             prior_betas = prior_betas,
                             prior_alpha = prior_alpha,
                             iter = iter,
                             warmup = warmup,
                             thin = thin,
                             seed = seed,
                             print_params = print_params,
                             verbose = verbose)

res

summary(res)# summary output can be also assigned to a variable

coef(res) # extract model estimates

# plot(res) # MCMC diagnostics

```

---

hmm\_mcmc\_normal

*MCMC Sampler for the Hidden Markov Model with Normal emission densities*


---

## Description

MCMC Sampler for the Hidden Markov Model with Normal emission densities

## Usage

```

hmm_mcmc_normal(
  data,
  prior_T,
  prior_means,
  prior_sd,
  iter = 600,
  warmup = floor(iter/5),
  thin = 1,
  seed = sample.int(.Machine$integer.max, 1),
  init_T = NULL,
  init_means = NULL,
  init_sd = NULL,
  print_params = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)

```

**Arguments**

data	(numeric) normal data
prior_T	(matrix) prior transition matrix
prior_means	(numeric) prior means
prior_sd	(numeric) a single prior standard deviation
iter	(integer) number of MCMC iterations
warmup	(integer) number of warmup iterations
thin	(integer) thinning parameter. By default, 1
seed	(integer) optional parameter; seed parameter
init_T	(matrix) optional parameter; initial transition matrix
init_means	(numeric) optional parameter; initial means
init_sd	(numeric) optional parameter; initial standard deviation
print_params	(logical) optional parameter; print parameters every iteration. By default, TRUE
verbose	(logical) optional parameter; print additional messages. By default, TRUE

**Details**

Please see [supplementary information](https://doi.org/10.1186/s12859024057514) at [doi:10.1186/s12859024057514](https://doi.org/10.1186/s12859024057514) for more details on the algorithm.

For usage recommendations please see <https://github.com/LynetteCaitlin/oHMMed/blob/main/UsageRecommendations.pdf>.

**Value**

List with following elements:

- data: data used for simulation
- samples: list with samples
- estimates: list with various estimates
- idx: indices with iterations after the warmup period
- priors: prior parameters
- inits: initial parameters
- last\_iter: list with samples from the last MCMC iteration
- info: list with various meta information about the object

**References**

Claus Vogl, Mariia Karapetiants, Burçin Yıldırım, Hrönn Kjartansdóttir, Carolin Kosiol, Juraj Bergman, Michal Majka, Lynette Caitlin Mikula. Inference of genomic landscapes using ordered Hidden Markov Models with emission densities (oHMMed). *BMC Bioinformatics* 25, 151 (2024). [doi:10.1186/s12859024057514](https://doi.org/10.1186/s12859024057514)

**Examples**

```

# Simulate normal data
N <- 2^10
true_T <- rbind(c(0.95, 0.05, 0),
               c(0.025, 0.95, 0.025),
               c(0.0, 0.05, 0.95))

true_means <- c(-5, 0, 5)
true_sd <- 1.5

simdata_full <- hmm_simulate_normal_data(L = N,
                                       mat_T = true_T,
                                       means = true_means,
                                       sigma = true_sd)

simdata <- simdata_full$data
hist(simdata,
     breaks = 40,
     probability = TRUE,
     main = "Distribution of the simulated normal data")
lines(density(simdata), col = "red")

# Set numbers of states to be inferred
n_states_inferred <- 3

# Set priors
prior_T <- generate_random_T(n_states_inferred)
prior_means <- c(-18, -1, 12)
prior_sd <- 3

# Simulation settings
iter <- 50
warmup <- floor(iter / 5) # 20 percent
thin <- 1
seed <- sample.int(10000, 1)
print_params <- FALSE # if TRUE then parameters are printed in each iteration
verbose <- FALSE # if TRUE then the state of the simulation is printed

# Run MCMC sampler
res <- hmm_mcmc_normal(data = simdata,
                     prior_T = prior_T,
                     prior_means = prior_means,
                     prior_sd = prior_sd,
                     iter = iter,
                     warmup = warmup,
                     seed = seed,
                     print_params = print_params,
                     verbose = verbose)

res

summary(res) # summary output can be also assigned to a variable

coef(res) # extract model estimates

```

```
# plot(res) # MCMC diagnostics
```

---

```
hmm_simulate_gamma_poisson_data
```

*Simulate data distributed according to oHMMed with gamma-poisson emission densities*

---

## Description

Simulate data distributed according to oHMMed with gamma-poisson emission densities

## Usage

```
hmm_simulate_gamma_poisson_data(L, mat_T, betas, alpha)
```

## Arguments

L	(integer) number of simulations
mat_T	(matrix) a square matrix with the initial state
betas	(numeric) rate parameter in <a href="#">rgamma</a> for emission probabilities
alpha	(numeric) shape parameter in <a href="#">rgamma</a> for emission probabilities

## Value

Returns a list with the following elements:

- data: numeric vector with data
- states: an integer vector with "true" hidden states used to generate the data vector
- pi: numeric vector with prior probability of states

## Examples

```
mat_T <- rbind(c(1-0.01, 0.01, 0),
              c(0.01, 1-0.02, 0.01),
              c(0, 0.01, 1-0.01))
L <- 2^7
betas <- c(0.1, 0.3, 0.5)
alpha <- 1

sim_data <- hmm_simulate_gamma_poisson_data(L = L,
                                           mat_T = mat_T,
                                           betas = betas,
                                           alpha = alpha)

hist(sim_data$data,
     breaks = 40,
     main = "Histogram of Simulated Gamma-Poisson Data",
     xlab = "")
sim_data
```

---

`hmm_simulate_normal_data`*Simulate data distributed according to oHMMed with normal emission densities*

---

## Description

Simulate data distributed according to oHMMed with normal emission densities

## Usage

```
hmm_simulate_normal_data(L, mat_T, means, sigma)
```

## Arguments

<code>L</code>	(integer) number of simulations
<code>mat_T</code>	(matrix) a square matrix with the initial state
<code>means</code>	(numeric) mean parameter in <code>rnorm</code> for emission probabilities
<code>sigma</code>	(numeric) sd parameter in <code>rnorm</code> for emission probabilities

## Value

Returns a list with the following elements:

- `data`: numeric vector with data
- `states`: an integer vector with "true" hidden states used to generate the data vector
- `pi`: numeric vector with prior probability of states

## Examples

```
mat_T0 <- rbind(c(1-0.01, 0.01, 0),
               c(0.01, 1-0.02, 0.01),
               c(0, 0.01, 1-0.01))
L <- 2^7
means0 <- c(-1,0,1)
sigma0 <- 1

sim_data <- hmm_simulate_normal_data(L = L,
                                   mat_T = mat_T0,
                                   means = means0,
                                   sigma = sigma0)

plot(density(sim_data$data), main = "Density of Simulated Normal Data")
sim_data
```

---

`kullback_leibler_cont_appr`*Calculate a Continuous Approximation of the Kullback-Leibler Divergence*

---

**Description**

Calculate a Continuous Approximation of the Kullback-Leibler Divergence

**Usage**

```
kullback_leibler_cont_appr(p, q)
```

**Arguments**

`p` (numeric) probabilities  
`q` (numeric) probabilities

**Details**

The continuous approximation of the Kullback-Leibler divergence is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n [\log(p_i)p_i - \log(q_i)p_i]$$

**Value**

Numeric vector

**Examples**

```
# Simulate n normally distributed variates
n <- 1000
dist1 <- rnorm(n)
dist2 <- rnorm(n, mean = 0, sd = 2)
dist3 <- rnorm(n, mean = 2, sd = 2)

# Estimate probability density functions
pdf1 <- density(dist1)
pdf2 <- density(dist2)
pdf3 <- density(dist3)

# Visualise PDFs
plot(pdf1, main = "PDFs", col = "red", xlim = range(dist3))
lines(pdf2, col = "blue")
lines(pdf3, col = "green")

# PDF 1 vs PDF 2
```

```
kullback_leibler_cont_appr(pdf1$y, pdf2$y)

# PDF 1 vs PDF 3
kullback_leibler_cont_appr(pdf1$y, pdf3$y)

# PDF 2 vs PDF 2
kullback_leibler_cont_appr(pdf2$y, pdf3$y)
```

---

kullback\_leibler\_disc *Calculate a Kullback-Leibler Divergence for a Discrete Distribution*

---

## Description

Calculate a Kullback-Leibler Divergence for a Discrete Distribution

## Usage

```
kullback_leibler_disc(p, q)
```

## Arguments

p (numeric) probabilities  
q (numeric) probabilities

## Details

The Kullback-Leibler divergence for a discrete distribution is calculated as follows:

$$\sum_{i=1}^n p_i \log \left( \frac{p_i}{q_i} \right)$$

## Value

Numeric vector

## Examples

```
# Simulate n Poisson distributed variates
n <- 1000
dist1 <- rpois(n, lambda = 1)
dist2 <- rpois(n, lambda = 5)
dist3 <- rpois(n, lambda = 20)

# Generate common factor levels
x_max <- max(c(dist1, dist2, dist3))
all_levels <- 0:x_max

# Estimate probability mass functions
```

```

pmf_dist1 <- table(factor(dist1, levels = all_levels)) / n
pmf_dist2 <- table(factor(dist2, levels = all_levels)) / n
pmf_dist3 <- table(factor(dist3, levels = all_levels)) / n

# Visualise PMFs
barplot(pmf_dist1, col = "green", xlim = c(0, x_max))
barplot(pmf_dist2, col = "red", add = TRUE)
barplot(pmf_dist3, col = "blue", add = TRUE)

# Calculate distances
kullback_leibler_disc(pmf_dist1, pmf_dist2)
kullback_leibler_disc(pmf_dist1, pmf_dist3)
kullback_leibler_disc(pmf_dist2, pmf_dist3)

```

---

```
plot.hmm_mcmc_gamma_poisson
```

*Plot Diagnostics for hmm\_mcmc\_gamma\_poisson Objects*

---

## Description

This function creates a variety of diagnostic plots that can be useful when conducting Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) simulation of a gamma-poisson hidden Markov model (HMM). These plots will help to assess convergence, fit, and performance of the MCMC simulation

## Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'hmm_mcmc_gamma_poisson'
plot(
  x,
  simulation = FALSE,
  true_betas = NULL,
  true_alpha = NULL,
  true_mat_T = NULL,
  true_states = NULL,
  show_titles = TRUE,
  log_statesplot = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

## Arguments

x	(hmm_mcmc_gamma_poisson) HMM MCMC gamma-poisson object
simulation	(logical); default is simulation=FALSE, so the input data was empirical. If the input data was simulated, it must be set simulation=TRUE.
true_betas	(numeric) true betas. To be used if simulation=TRUE
true_alpha	(numeric) true alpha. To be used if simulation=TRUE
true_mat_T	(matrix) optional parameter; true transition matrix. To be used if simulation=TRUE

true_states	(integer) optional parameter; true states. To be used if simulation=TRUE
show_titles	(logical) if TRUE then titles are shown for all graphs. By default, TRUE
log_statesplot	(logical) if TRUE then log-statesplots are shown. By default, FALSE
...	not used

**Value**

Several diagnostic plots that can be used to evaluate the MCMC simulation of the gamma-poisson HMM

**Examples**

```
plot(example_hmm_mcmc_gamma_poisson)
```

---

plot.hmm\_mcmc\_normal *Plot Diagnostics for hmm\_mcmc\_normal Objects*

---

**Description**

This function creates a variety of diagnostic plots that can be useful when conducting Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) simulation of a normal hidden Markov model (HMM). These plots will help to assess convergence, fit, and performance of the MCMC simulation

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'hmm_mcmc_normal'
plot(
  x,
  simulation = FALSE,
  true_means = NULL,
  true_sd = NULL,
  true_mat_T = NULL,
  true_states = NULL,
  show_titles = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

x	(hmm_mcmc_normal) HMM MCMC normal object
simulation	(logical) optional parameter; default is simulation=FALSE, so the input data was empirical. If the input data was simulated, it must be set simulation=TRUE.
true_means	(numeric) optional parameter; true means. To be used if simulation=TRUE
true_sd	(numeric) optional parameter; true standard deviation. To be used if simulation=TRUE
true_mat_T	(matrix) optional parameter; true transition matrix. To be used if simulation=TRUE

true_states	(integer) optional parameter; true states. To be used if simulation=TRUE
show_titles	(logical) optional parameter; if TRUE then titles are shown for all graphs. By default, TRUE
...	not used

**Value**

Several diagnostic plots that can be used to evaluate the MCMC simulation of the normal HMM

**Examples**

```
plot(example_hmm_mcmc_normal)
```

---

posterior\_prob\_gamma\_poisson

*Forward-Backward Algorithm to Calculate the Posterior Probabilities of Hidden States in Poisson-Gamma Model*

---

**Description**

Forward-Backward Algorithm to Calculate the Posterior Probabilities of Hidden States in Poisson-Gamma Model

**Usage**

```
posterior_prob_gamma_poisson(data, pi, mat_T, betas, alpha)
```

**Arguments**

data	(numeric) Poisson data
pi	(numeric) prior probability of states
mat_T	(matrix) transition probability matrix
betas	(numeric) vector with prior rates
alpha	(numeric) prior scale

**Details**

Please see [supplementary information](https://doi.org/10.1186/s12859024057514) at [doi:10.1186/s12859024057514](https://doi.org/10.1186/s12859024057514) for more details on the algorithm.

**Value**

List with the following elements:

- F: auxiliary forward variables
- B: auxiliary backward variables
- s: weights

**Examples**

```

mat_T <- rbind(c(1-0.01,0.01,0),
              c(0.01,1-0.02,0.01),
              c(0,0.01,1-0.01))

L <- 2^10
betas <- c(0.1, 0.3, 0.5)
alpha <- 1

sim_data <- hmm_simulate_gamma_poisson_data(L = L,
                                           mat_T = mat_T,
                                           betas = betas,
                                           alpha = alpha)

pi <- sim_data$pi
hmm_poisson_data <- sim_data$data
hist(hmm_poisson_data, breaks = 100)

# Calculate posterior probabilities of hidden states
post_prob <- posterior_prob_gamma_poisson(data = hmm_poisson_data,
                                          pi = pi,
                                          mat_T = mat_T,
                                          betas = betas,
                                          alpha = alpha)

str(post_prob)

```

---

posterior\_prob\_normal *Forward-Backward Algorithm to Calculate the Posterior Probabilities of Hidden States in Normal Model*

---

**Description**

Forward-Backward Algorithm to Calculate the Posterior Probabilities of Hidden States in Normal Model

**Usage**

```
posterior_prob_normal(data, pi, mat_T, means, sdev)
```

**Arguments**

data	(numeric) normal data
pi	(numeric) prior probability of states
mat_T	(matrix) transition probability matrix
means	(numeric) vector with prior means
sdev	(numeric) prior standard deviation

**Details**

Please see [supplementary information](https://doi.org/10.1186/s12859024057514) at doi:10.1186/s12859024057514 for more details on the algorithm.



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