

Package ‘pdist’

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Type Package

Title Partitioned Distance Function

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URL <https://github.com/jeffwong/pdist>

Description Computes the euclidean distance between rows of a matrix X and rows of another matrix Y. Previously, this could be done by binding the two matrices together and calling 'dist', but this creates unnecessary computation by computing the distances between a row of X and another row of X, and likewise for Y. pdist strictly computes distances across the two matrices, not within the same matrix, making computations significantly faster for certain use cases.

License GPL

LazyLoad yes

Depends methods

Collate 'pdist.R' 'setup.R'

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NeedsCompilation yes

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pdist-package

Distances between Observations for a Partitioned Matrix

Description

Computes the euclidean distance between rows of a matrix X and rows of another matrix Y. Previously, this could be done by binding the two matrices together and calling 'dist', but this creates unnecessary computation by computing the distances between a row of X and another row of X, and likewise for Y. pdist strictly computes distances across the two matrices, not within the same matrix, making computations significantly faster for certain use cases.

Details

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 Version: 1.2
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 License: GPL
 LazyLoad: yes

Author(s)

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pdist

Partitioned Distances

Description

Compute distance matrix between two matrices of observations, or two subsets of one matrix

Usage

```
pdist(X, Y = NULL, indices.A = NULL, indices.B = NULL)
```

Arguments

X a matrix of n observations where columns represent features of the observations
 Y optional. A second matrix of p observations like X. Y must have the same number of columns as X
 indices.A optional. A vector of integers representing row indices from X. This should only be used when Y is not provided.
 indices.B optional. A vector of integers representing row indices from X. This should only be used when Y is not provided.

Details

`pdist` computes a n by p distance matrix using two separate matrices. `pdist` allows the user to factor out observations into separate matrices to improve computations. The function `dist` computes the distances between all possible pair wise elements, `pdist` only computes the distance between observations in X with observations in Y ; distances between observations in X and other observations in X are not computed, and likewise for Y .

If a second matrix Y is not provided, `indices.A` and `indices.B` can be provided together to specify subsets of X to be computed. A new matrix X is created by taking $X[\text{indices.A},]$ and Y is created using $X[\text{indices.B},]$.

The return value of `pdist` is a distance vector, much like the default return value for `dist`. However, it can be accessed like a full distance matrix. If `mydist = pdist(X,Y)`, `mydist[i,j]` is the distance between $X[i,]$ and $Y[j,]$. Similarly, `mydist[i,]` is a vector of distances between $X[i,]$ and all observations in Y .

Examples

```
x = matrix(rnorm(100),10,10)
x.pdist = pdist(x, indices.A = 1:3, indices.B = 8:10)
message("Find the distance between observation 1 and 10 of x")
x.pdist[1,3]
message("Converting a pdist object into a traditional distance matrix")
as.matrix(x.pdist)
```

[

extract parts of pdist

Description

extract parts of `pdist`

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