

Package ‘pql’

May 9, 2026

Type Package

Title A Partitioned Quasi-Likelihood for Distributed Statistical Inference

Version 0.1.0

Author Guangbao Guo [aut, cre], Jiarui Li [aut]

Maintainer Guangbao Guo <ggb11111111@163.com>

Description In the big data setting, working data sets are often distributed on multiple machines. However, classical statistical methods are often developed to solve the problems of single estimation or inference. We employ a novel parallel quasi-likelihood method in generalized linear models, to make the variances between different sub-estimators relatively similar. Estimates are obtained from projection subsets of data and later combined by suitably-chosen unknown weights. The philosophy of the package is described in Guo G. (2020) <[doi:10.1007/s00180-020-00974-4](https://doi.org/10.1007/s00180-020-00974-4)>.

License MIT + file LICENSE

Encoding UTF-8

Imports parallel,pracma

Suggests testthat (>= 3.0.0)

Config/testthat/edition 3

NeedsCompilation no

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2024-05-21 14:20:02 UTC

Contents

| | |
|------------------------|----------|
| pqlBLogist | 2 |
| pqlBpoisson1 | 2 |
| pqlBpoisson2 | 3 |
| pqlLogist | 4 |
| pqlPoisson | 5 |
| Index | 6 |

pqlBLogist *The weighted Gauss-Newton estimators of the PQL in Logistic-GLMs*

Description

The average weighted estimator and the unknown weighted estimator of the PQL in Logistic-GLMs through damped Gauss-Newton updates.

Usage

```
pqlBLogist(data,G,nk)
```

Arguments

data is a design matrix with uniform distribution and the response vector.
 G is the number of subsets.
 nk is the size of subsets.

Value

betaBW,betaBA,MSEW,MSEA

Examples

```
G <- 20;n=1000;p=5; nk=50
b=runif(p, 0, 1)
beta =matrix(b,nrow=p)
X=matrix(rnorm(n*p),nrow=n)
L=X%%beta
prob=1/exp(-(0.48+(L))+1)
y=1/(1+exp(-X))
y=(prob>runif(n))
y= ifelse((prob>runif(n)), 1, 0)
data=cbind(y,X)
pqlBLogist(data,G,nk)
```

pqlBpoisson1 *The weight Gauss-Newton estimators of the PQL in Poisson-GLMS*

Description

The average weighted estimator and the unknown weighted estimator of the PQL in Poisson-GLMS through damped Gauss-Newton

Usage

```
pqlBpoisson1(data,G,nk)
```

Arguments

data is a design matrix with uniform distribution and the response vector
 G is the number of subsets.
 nk is the size of subsets

Value

betaBA, betaBW, MSEA, MSEW

Examples

```
G <- 20;n=1000;p=5; nk=50
X<- matrix(runif(1000* 5, 0, 0.5), ncol = 5)
beta =matrix(runif(p, 0, 1),nrow=p)
L=X%*%beta
y<- rpois(1000, exp(L))
data=cbind(y,X)
pqlBpoisson1(data,G,nk)
```

pqlBpoisson2

The weighted Gauss-Newton estimators of the PQL in Poisson-GLMS

Description

The average weighted estimator and the unknown weighted estimator of the PQL in Poisson-GLMS through damped Gauss-Newton

Usage

pqlBpoisson2(data,G,nk)

Arguments

data is a design matrix with uniform distribution and the response vector
 G is the number of subsets.
 nk is the size of subsets.

Value

betaBA, betaBW, MSEA, MSEW

Examples

```

p<- 5;G<- 20;n<- 1000;nk=50
X<- matrix(runif(n * p, 0, 0.5), ncol = p)
beta =matrix(runif(p, 0, 1),nrow=p)
L=X%*%beta
y<- rpois(n, exp(L))
data=cbind(y,X)
pqlBpoisson2(data,G,nk)

```

pqlLogist

pqlLogist

Description

The average weighted estimator and the unknown weighted estimator of the PQL in Poisson-GLMS through damped Gauss-Newton

Usage

```
pqlLogist(data,G,nk)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|--------------------------------------|
| data | data is a highly correlated data set |
| G | G is the number of nodes |
| nk | nk is the length of each data subset |

Value

| | |
|-------|---------------------------|
| betaW | estimation value of betaW |
| betaA | estimation value of betaA |
| MSEW | estimation of MSEW |
| MSEA | estimation of MSEA |

Examples

```

p<- 5;G<- 20;n<- 1000;nk=200
X<- matrix(runif(n*p, 0, 0.5), ncol = p)
beta =matrix(runif(p, 0, 1),nrow=p)
L=X%*%beta
y<- rpois(n, exp(L))
data=cbind(y,X)
pqlLogist(data,G,nk)

```

pqlPoisson

The weighted Gauss-Newton estimators of the PQL in Poisson-GLMs

Description

The average weighted estimator and the unknown weighted estimator of the PQL in Poisson-GLMS through damped Gauss-Newton

Usage

```
pqlPoisson(data,G,nk)
```

Arguments

`data` is a design matrix with uniform distribution and the response vector
`G` is the number of subsets
`nk` is the number of outer subsets.

Value

betaBA, betaBW, MSEA, MSEW

Examples

```
#library(parallel)
#library(numDeriv)
#library(Rmpi)
#install.packages("pracma");
#library(pracma)
p<- 5;G<- 20;n<- 1000;nk=200
X<- matrix(runif(n*p, 0, 0.5), ncol = p)
beta =matrix(runif(p, 0, 1),nrow=p)
L=X%*%beta
y<- rpois(n, exp(L))
data=cbind(y,X)
pqlPoisson(data,G,nk)
```

Index

pqlBLogist, 2
pqlBpoisson1, 2
pqlBpoisson2, 3
pqlLogist, 4
pqlPoisson, 5