

# Package ‘rtoot’

May 9, 2026

**Title** Collecting and Analyzing Mastodon Data

**Version** 1.0.0

**Description** An implementation of calls designed to collect and organize Mastodon data via its Application Program Interfaces (API), which can be found at the following URL: [<https://docs.joinmastodon.org/>](https://docs.joinmastodon.org/).

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**URL** <https://gesistsa.github.io/rtoot/>,  
<https://github.com/gesistsa/rtoot/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/gesistsa/rtoot/issues>

**Depends** R (>= 4.2)

**Imports** cli, clipr, curl, dplyr, httr2, jsonlite, methods, tibble

**Suggests** knitr, rmarkdown, rstudioapi, testthat (>= 3.0.0), vcr (>= 0.6.0), withr

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**Config/testthat/edition** 3

**Encoding** UTF-8

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.2

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Author** David Schoch [aut, cre] (ORCID:  
<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2952-4812>),  
Chung-hong Chan [aut] (ORCID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-6232-7530>),  
Johannes Gruber [ctb] (ORCID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0001-9177-1772>),  
Tim Schatto-Eckrodt [ctb] (ORCID:  
<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-1658-4373>),  
Lluís Revilla Sancho [aut] (ORCID:  
<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-9747-2570>)

**Maintainer** David Schoch <david@schochastics.net>

**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2026-02-22 19:40:02 UTC

## Contents

auth_setup . . . . .	3
convert_token_to_envvar . . . . .	4
create_token . . . . .	5
get_account . . . . .	5
get_account_blocks . . . . .	6
get_account_bookmarks . . . . .	7
get_account_favourites . . . . .	8
get_account_featured_tags . . . . .	10
get_account_followers . . . . .	10
get_account_following . . . . .	12
get_account_lists . . . . .	13
get_account_mutes . . . . .	14
get_account_relationships . . . . .	15
get_account_statuses . . . . .	16
get_client . . . . .	17
get_context . . . . .	18
get_fedi_instances . . . . .	18
get_instance . . . . .	19
get_lists . . . . .	21
get_list_accounts . . . . .	22
get_poll . . . . .	23
get_status . . . . .	23
get_timeline_hashtag . . . . .	25
get_timeline_home . . . . .	26
get_timeline_public . . . . .	28
parse_stream . . . . .	29
post_list_accounts . . . . .	30
post_list_create . . . . .	31
post_status . . . . .	32
post_thread . . . . .	32
post_toot . . . . .	33
post_user . . . . .	35
rtoot . . . . .	35
save_auth_rtoot . . . . .	37
search_accounts . . . . .	37
stream_timeline . . . . .	38
verify_credentials . . . . .	40

## Index

41

---

`auth_setup`*Authenticate with a Mastodon instance*

---

**Description**

Authenticate with a Mastodon instance

**Usage**

```
auth_setup(  
  instance = NULL,  
  type = NULL,  
  name = NULL,  
  path = NULL,  
  clipboard = FALSE,  
  verbose = TRUE,  
  browser = TRUE  
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>instance</code>	a public instance of Mastodon (e.g., mastodon.social).
<code>type</code>	Either "public" to create a public authentication or "user" to create authentication for your user (e.g., if you want to post from R or query your followers).
<code>name</code>	give the token a name, in case you want to store more than one.
<code>path</code>	path to store the token in. The default is to store tokens in the path returned by <code>tools::R_user_dir("rtot", "config")</code> .
<code>clipboard</code>	logical, whether to export the token to the clipboard
<code>verbose</code>	logical whether to display messages
<code>browser</code>	if TRUE (default) a browser window will be opened to authenticate, else the URL will be provided so you can copy/paste this into the browser yourself

**Details**

If either `name` or `path` are set to FALSE, the token is only returned and not saved. If you would like to save your token as an environment variable, please set `clipboard` to TRUE. Your token will be copied to clipboard in the environment variable format. Please paste it into your environment file, e.g. ".Renviro", and restart your R session.

**Value**

A bearer token

**See Also**

[verify\\_credentials\(\)](#), [convert\\_token\\_to\\_envvar\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
auth_setup("mastodon.social", "public")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

convert\_token\_to\_envvar

*Convert token to environment variable*

---

**Description**

Convert token to environment variable

**Usage**

```
convert_token_to_envvar(token, clipboard = TRUE, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

token	bearer token, either public or user level
clipboard	logical, whether to export the token to the clipboard
verbose	logical whether to display messages

**Value**

Token (in environment variable format), invisibly

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
x <- auth_setup("mastodon.social", "public")  
envvar <- convert_token_to_envvar(x)  
envvar  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

create_token	<i>get a bearer token for the mastodon api</i>
--------------	--

---

### Description

get a bearer token for the mastodon api

### Usage

```
create_token(client, type = "public", browser = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

client	root client object created with <a href="#">get_client</a>
type	one of "public" or "user". See details
browser	if TRUE (default) a browser window will be opened to authenticate, else the URL will be provided so you can copy/paste this into the browser yourself

### Details

TBA

### Value

a mastodon bearer token

### References

<https://docs.joinmastodon.org/client/authorized/>

---

get_account	<i>Query the instance for a specific user</i>
-------------	---

---

### Description

Query the instance for a specific user

### Usage

```
get_account(id, instance = NULL, token = NULL, anonymous = FALSE, parse = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

id	character, Local ID of a user (this is not the username)
instance	character, the server name of the instance where the status is located. If NULL, the same instance used to obtain the token is used.
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
anonymous	some API calls do not need a token. Setting anonymous to TRUE allows to make an anonymous call if possible.
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.

**Value**

an account

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
get_account("109302436954721982")

## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_account\_blocks     *Get blocks of user*

---

**Description**

Get blocks of user

**Usage**

```
get_account_blocks(
  max_id,
  since_id,
  limit = 40L,
  token = NULL,
  parse = TRUE,
  retryonratelimit = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

max_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results older than this id
since_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results newer than this id
limit	integer, Maximum number of results to return

token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.
retryonratelimit	If TRUE, and a rate limit is exhausted, will wait until it refreshes. Most Mastodon rate limits refresh every 5 minutes. If FALSE, and the rate limit is exceeded, the function will terminate early with a warning; you'll still get back all results received up to that point.
verbose	logical whether to display messages

### Details

this functions needs a user level auth token. If limit>40, automatic pagination is used. You may get more results than requested.

### Value

tibble or list of blocked users

### Examples

```
## Not run:
# needs user level token
get_account_blocks()

## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_account\_bookmarks *Get bookmarks of user*

---

### Description

Get bookmarks of user

### Usage

```
get_account_bookmarks(
  max_id,
  since_id,
  min_id,
  limit = 40L,
  token = NULL,
  parse = TRUE,
  retryonratelimit = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

max_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results older than this id
since_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results newer than this id
min_id	character, Return results younger than this id
limit	integer, Maximum number of results to return
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.
retryonratelimit	If TRUE, and a rate limit is exhausted, will wait until it refreshes. Most Mastodon rate limits refresh every 5 minutes. If FALSE, and the rate limit is exceeded, the function will terminate early with a warning; you'll still get back all results received up to that point.
verbose	logical whether to display messages

**Details**

this functions needs a user level auth token. If limit>40, automatic pagination is used. You may get more results than requested.

**Value**

bookmarked statuses

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
get_account_followers("109302436954721982")

## End(Not run)
```

---

```
get_account_favourites
```

*Get favourites of user*

---

**Description**

Get favourites of user

## Usage

```
get_account_favourites(  
  max_id,  
  min_id,  
  limit = 40L,  
  token = NULL,  
  parse = TRUE,  
  retryonratelimit = TRUE,  
  verbose = TRUE  
)
```

## Arguments

max_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results older than this id
min_id	character, Return results younger than this id
limit	integer, Maximum number of results to return
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.
retryonratelimit	If TRUE, and a rate limit is exhausted, will wait until it refreshes. Most Mastodon rate limits refresh every 5 minutes. If FALSE, and the rate limit is exceeded, the function will terminate early with a warning; you'll still get back all results received up to that point.
verbose	logical whether to display messages

## Details

this functions needs a user level auth token. If limit>40, automatic pagination is used. You may get more results than requested.

## Value

tibble or list of favourited statuses

## Examples

```
## Not run:  
# needs user level token  
get_account_favourites()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

`get_account_featured_tags`*Get featured tags of a user*

---

**Description**

Get featured tags of a user

**Usage**

```
get_account_featured_tags(id, token = NULL, parse = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>id</code>	character, local ID of a user (this is not the username)
<code>token</code>	user bearer token (read from file by default)
<code>parse</code>	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.

**Details**

this functions needs a user level auth token

**Value**

tibble or list of featured\_tags

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
get_account_featured_tags("109302436954721982")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

`get_account_followers` *Get followers of a user*

---

**Description**

Get followers of a user

**Usage**

```

get_account_followers(
  id,
  max_id,
  since_id,
  limit = 40L,
  token = NULL,
  parse = TRUE,
  retryonratelimit = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)

```

**Arguments**

<code>id</code>	character, local ID of a user (this is not the username)
<code>max_id</code>	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results older than this id
<code>since_id</code>	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results newer than this id
<code>limit</code>	integer, maximum number of results to return. Defaults to 40.
<code>token</code>	user bearer token (read from file by default)
<code>parse</code>	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.
<code>retryonratelimit</code>	If TRUE, and a rate limit is exhausted, will wait until it refreshes. Most Mastodon rate limits refresh every 5 minutes. If FALSE, and the rate limit is exceeded, the function will terminate early with a warning; you'll still get back all results received up to that point.
<code>verbose</code>	logical whether to display messages

**Details**

this functions needs a user level auth token. If `limit>40`, automatic pagination is used. You may get more results than requested.

**Value**

tibble or list of followers

**Examples**

```

## Not run:
get_account_followers("109302436954721982")

## End(Not run)

```

---

get\_account\_following *Get accounts a user follows*

---

### Description

Get accounts a user follows

### Usage

```
get_account_following(
  id,
  max_id,
  since_id,
  limit = 40L,
  token = NULL,
  parse = TRUE,
  retryonratelimit = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

### Arguments

id	character, local ID of a user (this is not the username)
max_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results older than this id
since_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results newer than this id
limit	integer, Maximum number of results to return
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.
retryonratelimit	If TRUE, and a rate limit is exhausted, will wait until it refreshes. Most Mastodon rate limits refresh every 5 minutes. If FALSE, and the rate limit is exceeded, the function will terminate early with a warning; you'll still get back all results received up to that point.
verbose	logical whether to display messages

### Details

this functions needs a user level auth token. If limit>40, automatic pagination is used. You may get more results than requested.

### Value

tibble or list of accounts a user follows

### Examples

```
## Not run:  
get_account_following("109302436954721982")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_account\_lists      *Get lists containing the user*

---

### Description

Get lists containing the user

### Usage

```
get_account_lists(id, token = NULL, parse = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

id	character, local ID of a user (this is not the username)
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.

### Details

this functions needs a user level auth token

### Value

tibble or list of lists

### Examples

```
## Not run:  
get_account_lists("109302436954721982")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_account\_mutes      *Get mutes of user*

---

## Description

Get mutes of user

## Usage

```
get_account_mutes(
  max_id,
  since_id,
  limit = 40L,
  token = NULL,
  parse = TRUE,
  retryonratelimit = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

max_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results older than this id
since_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results newer than this id
limit	integer, Maximum number of results to return
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.
retryonratelimit	If TRUE, and a rate limit is exhausted, will wait until it refreshes. Most Mastodon rate limits refresh every 5 minutes. If FALSE, and the rate limit is exceeded, the function will terminate early with a warning; you'll still get back all results received up to that point.
verbose	logical whether to display messages

## Details

this functions needs a user level auth token. If limit>40, automatic pagination is used. You may get more results than requested.

## Value

tibble or list of muted users

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
# needs user level token  
get_account_mutes()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_account\_relationships

*Find out whether a given account is followed, blocked, muted, etc.*

---

**Description**

Find out whether a given account is followed, blocked, muted, etc.

**Usage**

```
get_account_relationships(ids, token = NULL, parse = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

ids	vector of account ids
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.

**Details**

this functions needs a user level auth token

**Value**

tibble or list of relationships

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
fol <- get_account_followers("109302436954721982")  
get_account_relationships(fol$id)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_account\_statuses *Get statuses from a user*

---

### Description

Get statuses from a user

### Usage

```
get_account_statuses(
  id,
  max_id,
  since_id,
  min_id,
  limit = 20L,
  exclude_reblogs = FALSE,
  hashtag,
  instance = NULL,
  token = NULL,
  anonymous = FALSE,
  parse = TRUE,
  retryonratelimit = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

### Arguments

id	character, local ID of a user (this is not the username)
max_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results older than this id
since_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results newer than this id
min_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results immediately newer than this id
limit	integer, Maximum number of results to return
exclude_reblogs	logical, Whether to filter out boosts from the response.
hashtag	character, filter for statuses using a specific hashtag.
instance	character, the server name of the instance where the status is located. If NULL, the same instance used to obtain the token is used.
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
anonymous	some API calls do not need a token. Setting anonymous to TRUE allows to make an anonymous call if possible.
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.

retryonratelimit      If TRUE, and a rate limit is exhausted, will wait until it refreshes. Most Mastodon rate limits refresh every 5 minutes. If FALSE, and the rate limit is exceeded, the function will terminate early with a warning; you'll still get back all results received up to that point.

verbose                logical whether to display messages

### Details

For anonymous calls only public statuses are returned. If a user token is supplied also private statuses the user is authorized to see are returned

### Value

tibble or list of statuses

### Examples

```
## Not run:
get_account_statuses("109302436954721982")

## End(Not run)
```

---

<code>get_client</code>	<i>register a mastodon client</i>
-------------------------	-----------------------------------

---

### Description

register a mastodon client

### Usage

```
get_client(instance = "mastodon.social")
```

### Arguments

instance                server name

### Value

an rtoot client object

### References

<https://docs.joinmastodon.org/client/token/#creating-our-application>

---

get\_context                      *View statuses above and below this status in the thread*

---

### Description

Query the instance for information about the context of a specific status. A context contains statuses above and below a status in a thread.

### Usage

```
get_context(id, instance = NULL, token = NULL, anonymous = FALSE, parse = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

id	character, local ID of a status in the database
instance	character, the server name of the instance where the status is located. If NULL, the same instance used to obtain the token is used.
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
anonymous	some API calls do not need a token. Setting anonymous to TRUE allows to make an anonymous call if possible.
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a named list of two tibbles, representing the ancestors (statuses above the status) and descendants (statuses below the status). Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.

### Value

context of a toot as tibble or list

### Examples

```
## Not run:
get_context(id = "109294719267373593", instance = "mastodon.social")

## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_fedi\_instances              *Get a list of fediverse servers*

---

### Description

Get a list of fediverse servers

### Usage

```
get_fedi_instances(token = NA, n = 20, ...)
```

**Arguments**

token            token from instances.social (this is different from your Mastodon token!)

n                number of servers to show

...              additional parameters for the instances.social API. See <https://instances.social/api/doc/>

**Details**

This function uses the API at instances.social and needs a separate token. Results are sorted by number of users

**Value**

tibble of fediverse instances

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
get_fedi_instances(n = 5)

## End(Not run)
```

---

get_instance	<i>Get various information about a specific instance</i>
--------------	--

---

**Description**

Get various information about a specific instance

**Usage**

```
get_instance_general(instance = NULL, token = NULL, anonymous = TRUE)
get_instance_peers(instance = NULL, token = NULL, anonymous = TRUE)
get_instance_activity(instance = NULL, token = NULL, anonymous = TRUE)
get_instance_emoji(instance = NULL, token = NULL, anonymous = TRUE)

get_instance_directory(
  instance = NULL,
  token = NULL,
  offset = 0,
  limit = 40,
  order = "active",
  local = FALSE,
  anonymous = TRUE,
```

```

    parse = TRUE
  )

  get_instance_trends(
    instance = NULL,
    token = NULL,
    limit = 10,
    anonymous = TRUE
  )

  get_instance_rules(instance = NULL, token = NULL, anonymous = FALSE)

  get_instance_blocks(instance = NULL, token = NULL, anonymous = TRUE)

```

### Arguments

instance	character, the server name of the instance where the status is located. If NULL, the same instance used to obtain the token is used.
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
anonymous	logical, should the API call be made anonymously? Defaults to TRUE but some instances might need authentication here
offset	How many accounts to skip before returning results. Default 0.
limit	integer, Maximum number of results to return
order	'active' to sort by most recently posted statuses (default) or 'new' to sort by most recently created profiles.
local	logical, show only local accounts?
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.

### Details

**get\_instance\_general** Returns general information about the instance

**get\_instance\_peers** Returns the peers of an instance

**get\_instance\_activity** Shows the weekly activity of the instance (3 months)

**get\_instance\_emoji** Lists custom emojis available on the instance

**get\_instance\_directory** A directory of profiles that the instance is aware of

**get\_instance\_trends** Tags that are being used more frequently within the past week

**get\_instance\_rules** Prints the rules of an instance

**get\_instance\_blocks** List of domains that are blocked by an instance.

### Value

instance details as list or tibble depending on call function

## Examples

```
## Not run:
get_instance_general("mastodon.social")
get_instance_activity("mastodon.social")
get_instance_emoji("mastodon.social")
get_instance_peers("mastodon.social")
get_instance_directory("mastodon.social", limit = 2)

## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_lists

*View your lists*

---

## Description

Fetch all lists the user owns

## Usage

```
get_lists(id = "", token = NULL, parse = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

id	character, either the id of a list to return or "" to show all lists
token	bearer token created with <a href="#">create_token</a>
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API

## Value

a tibble or list of lists owned by the user

## Examples

```
## Not run:
get_lists()

## End(Not run)
```

---

get_list_accounts	<i>View accounts in a list</i>
-------------------	--------------------------------

---

### Description

View accounts in a list

### Usage

```
get_list_accounts(  
  id,  
  limit = 40L,  
  token = NULL,  
  parse = TRUE,  
  retryonratelimit = TRUE,  
  verbose = TRUE  
)
```

### Arguments

id	character, id of the list
limit	integer, number of records to return
token	bearer token created with <a href="#">create_token</a>
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API
retryonratelimit	If TRUE, and a rate limit is exhausted, will wait until it refreshes. Most Mastodon rate limits refresh every 5 minutes. If FALSE, and the rate limit is exceeded, the function will terminate early with a warning; you'll still get back all results received up to that point.
verbose	logical, whether to display messages

### Value

a tibble or list of accounts

### Examples

```
## Not run:  
get_list_accounts(id = "test")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

get_poll	<i>View a poll</i>
----------	--------------------

---

**Description**

View a polls attached to statuses. To discover poll ID, you will need to use [get\\_status\(\)](#) and look into the poll.

**Usage**

```
get_poll(id, instance = NULL, token = NULL, anonymous = FALSE, parse = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

id	character, ID of the poll in the database
instance	character, the server name of the instance where the status is located. If NULL, the same instance used to obtain the token is used.
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
anonymous	some API calls do not need a token. Setting anonymous to TRUE allows to make an anonymous call if possible.
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.

**Value**

a poll

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
get_poll(id = "105976")

## End(Not run)
```

---

get_status	<i>View information about a specific status</i>
------------	---

---

**Description**

Query the instance for information about a specific status. [get\\_status](#) returns complete information of a status. [get\\_reblogged\\_by](#) returns who boosted a given status. [get\\_favourited\\_by](#) returns who favourited a given status.

## Usage

```
get_status(id, instance = NULL, token = NULL, anonymous = FALSE, parse = TRUE)

get_reblogged_by(
  id,
  instance = NULL,
  token = NULL,
  anonymous = FALSE,
  parse = TRUE
)

get_favourited_by(
  id,
  instance = NULL,
  token = NULL,
  anonymous = FALSE,
  parse = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

id	character, local ID of a status in the database
instance	character, the server name of the instance where the status is located. If NULL, the same instance used to obtain the token is used.
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
anonymous	some API calls do not need a token. Setting anonymous to TRUE allows to make an anonymous call if possible.
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.

## Value

a status or a list of users

## Examples

```
## Not run:
get_status(id = "109326579599502650")
get_reblogged_by(id = "109326579599502650")
get_favourited_by(id = "109326579599502650")

## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_timeline\_hashtag *Get hashtag timeline*

---

## Description

Query the instance for the timeline of a specific hashtag

## Usage

```
get_timeline_hashtag(
  hashtag = "rstats",
  local = FALSE,
  only_media = FALSE,
  max_id,
  since_id,
  min_id,
  limit = 20L,
  instance = NULL,
  token = NULL,
  anonymous = FALSE,
  parse = TRUE,
  retryonratelimit = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

hashtag	character, Content of a #hashtag. The hash is optional
local	logical, Show only local statuses?
only_media	logical, Show only statuses with media attached?
max_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results older than this id
since_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results newer than this id
min_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results immediately newer than this id
limit	integer, Maximum number of results to return
instance	character, the server name of the instance where the status is located. If NULL, the same instance used to obtain the token is used.
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
anonymous	some API calls do not need a token. Setting anonymous to TRUE allows to make an anonymous call if possible.
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.

`retryonratelimit` If TRUE, and a rate limit is exhausted, will wait until it refreshes. Most Mastodon rate limits refresh every 5 minutes. If FALSE, and the rate limit is exceeded, the function will terminate early with a warning; you'll still get back all results received up to that point.

`verbose` logical whether to display messages

### Details

`max_id`, `since_id`, and `min_id` can either be character or POSIXct (date time). If it is POSIXct, it will be converted to the so-called snowflake ID.

### Value

`statuses`

### References

<https://docs.joinmastodon.org/methods/timelines/>

### Examples

```

## Not run:
get_timeline_hashtag(hashtag = "#ichbinhanna")
## anonymously
get_timeline_hashtag(hashtag = "ichbinhanna", instance = "mastodon.social", anonymous = TRUE)
## Search for toots by date
get_timeline_hashtag(hashtag = "ichbinhanna", instance = "mastodon.social", anonymous = TRUE,
max_id = as.POSIXct("2024-03-01"))

## End(Not run)

```

---

`get_timeline_home`      *Get home and list timelines*

---

### Description

Query the instance for the timeline from either followed users or a specific list. These functions can only be called with a user token from `create_token()`.

### Usage

```

get_timeline_home(
  local = FALSE,
  max_id,
  since_id,
  min_id,
  limit = 20L,

```

```

    token = NULL,
    parse = TRUE,
    retryonratelimit = TRUE,
    verbose = TRUE
  )

get_timeline_list(
  list_id,
  max_id,
  since_id,
  min_id,
  limit = 20L,
  token = NULL,
  parse = TRUE,
  retryonratelimit = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)

```

### Arguments

local	logical, Show only local statuses?
max_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results older than this id
since_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results newer than this id
min_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results immediately newer than this id
limit	integer, Maximum number of results to return
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.
retryonratelimit	If TRUE, and a rate limit is exhausted, will wait until it refreshes. Most Mastodon rate limits refresh every 5 minutes. If FALSE, and the rate limit is exceeded, the function will terminate early with a warning; you'll still get back all results received up to that point.
verbose	logical whether to display messages
list_id	character, Local ID of the list in the database.

### Details

max\_id, since\_id, and min\_id can either be character or POSIXct (date time). If it is POSIXct, it will be converted to the so-called snowflake ID.

### Value

statuses

### References

<https://docs.joinmastodon.org/methods/timelines/>

**Examples**

```

## Not run:
get_timeline_home()

## End(Not run)
## Not run:
get_timeline_list("<listid>")

## End(Not run)

```

---

get\_timeline\_public    *Get the public timeline*

---

**Description**

Query the instance for the public timeline

**Usage**

```

get_timeline_public(
  local = FALSE,
  remote = FALSE,
  only_media = FALSE,
  max_id,
  since_id,
  min_id,
  limit = 20L,
  instance = NULL,
  token = NULL,
  anonymous = FALSE,
  parse = TRUE,
  retryonrate-limit = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)

```

**Arguments**

local	logical, Show only local statuses?
remote	logical, Show only remote statuses?
only_media	logical, Show only statuses with media attached?
max_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results older than this id
since_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results newer than this id
min_id	character or POSIXct (date time), Return results immediately newer than this id
limit	integer, Maximum number of results to return
instance	character, the server name of the instance where the status is located. If NULL, the same instance used to obtain the token is used.

token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
anonymous	some API calls do not need a token. Setting anonymous to TRUE allows to make an anonymous call if possible.
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.
retryonratelimit	If TRUE, and a rate limit is exhausted, will wait until it refreshes. Most Mastodon rate limits refresh every 5 minutes. If FALSE, and the rate limit is exceeded, the function will terminate early with a warning; you'll still get back all results received up to that point.
verbose	logical whether to display messages

### Details

max\_id, since\_id, and min\_id can either be character or POSIXct (date time). If it is POSIXct, it will be converted to the so-called snowflake ID.

### Value

statuses

### References

<https://docs.joinmastodon.org/methods/timelines/>

### Examples

```
## Not run:
## as tibble
get_timeline_public()
## as list
get_timeline_public(parse = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

---

parse\_stream

*Parser of Mastodon stream*

---

### Description

Converts Mastodon stream data (JSON file) into a parsed tibble.

### Usage

```
parse_stream(path)
```

**Arguments**

path                    Character, name of JSON file with data collected by any [stream\\_timeline](#) function.

**Details**

The stream sometimes returns invalid lines of json. These are automatically skipped. Parsing can be slow if your json contains a large amount of statuses

**Value**

a tibble of statuses

**See Also**

[stream\\_timeline\\_public\(\)](#), [stream\\_timeline\\_hashtag\(\)](#), [stream\\_timeline\\_list\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
stream_timeline_public(1, file_name = "stream.json")
parse_stream("stream.json")

## End(Not run)
```

---

post\_list\_accounts      *Add accounts to a list*

---

**Description**

Add accounts to a list

**Usage**

```
post_list_accounts(id, account_ids, token = NULL, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

id                    character, id of the list  
account\_ids          ids of accounts to add (this is not the username)  
token                 user bearer token (read from file by default)  
verbose               logical whether to display messages

**Value**

no return value, called for site effects

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
# add some accounts to a list  
post_list_create(id = "1234", account_ids = c(1001, 1002))  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

post_list_create	<i>Create a list</i>
------------------	----------------------

---

**Description**

Create a list

**Usage**

```
post_list_create(title, replies_policy = "list", token = NULL, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

title	character, The title of the list to be created
replies_policy	character, One of "followed", "list", or "none". Defaults to "list".
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
verbose	logical whether to display messages

**Value**

no return value, called for site effects

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
# create a list  
post_list_create(title = "test")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

post_status	<i>Perform actions on a status</i>
-------------	------------------------------------

---

### Description

Perform actions on a status

### Usage

```
post_status(id, action = "favourite", token = NULL, verbose = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

id	character, status id to perform the action on
action	character, one of "(un)favourite", "(un)reblog", "(un)bookmark"
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
verbose	logical whether to display messages

### Value

no return value, called for site effects

### Examples

```
## Not run:
# favourite a status
post_status("xxxxxx", action = "favourite")
# unfavourite a status
post_status("xxxxxx", action = "unfavourite")

## End(Not run)
```

---

post_thread	<i>Post a thread</i>
-------------	----------------------

---

### Description

Create a thread of your messages.

**Usage**

```

post_thread(
  status = c("my first rtoot #rstats", "my first thread with rtoot"),
  token = NULL,
  sensitive = FALSE,
  spoiler_text = NULL,
  visibility = "public",
  scheduled_at = NULL,
  language = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE
)

```

**Arguments**

status	character, toot status. Must be 500 characters or less.
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
sensitive	logical, mark status and attached media as sensitive?
spoiler_text	character, text to be shown as a warning or subject before the actual content. Statuses are generally collapsed behind this field.
visibility	character, Visibility of the posted status. One of public (default), unlisted, private, direct.
scheduled_at	ISO 8601 Datetime at which to schedule a status. Must be at least 5 minutes in the future.
language	ISO 639 language code for this status.
verbose	logical whether to display messages

**Value**

A character vector with the ids of the toots posted.

**Examples**

```

## Not run:
pt <- post_thread(visibility = "direct")

## End(Not run)

```

---

post\_toot

*Post status update to user's Mastodon account*

---

**Description**

Be aware that excessive automated posting is frowned upon (or even against the ToS) in many instances. Make sure to check the ToS of your instance and be mindful when using this function.

**Usage**

```

post_toot(
  status = "my first rtoot #rstats",
  media = NULL,
  alt_text = NULL,
  token = NULL,
  in_reply_to_id = NULL,
  sensitive = FALSE,
  spoiler_text = NULL,
  visibility = "public",
  scheduled_at = NULL,
  language = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE
)

```

**Arguments**

status	character, toot status. Must be 500 characters or less.
media	character, path to media to add to post
alt_text	character, a plain-text description of the media, for accessibility purposes.
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
in_reply_to_id	character, ID of the status being replied to, if status is a reply
sensitive	logical, mark status and attached media as sensitive?
spoiler_text	character, text to be shown as a warning or subject before the actual content. Statuses are generally collapsed behind this field.
visibility	character, Visibility of the posted status. One of public (default), unlisted, private, direct.
scheduled_at	ISO 8601 Datetime at which to schedule a status. Must be at least 5 minutes in the future.
language	ISO 639 language code for this status.
verbose	logical whether to display messages

**Value**

API response, invisibly. If the status was posted successfully, the response will contain the posted status.

**Examples**

```

## Not run:
# post a simple status
post_toot("my first rtoot #rstats")
# post a media file with alt text
post_toot("look at this pic", media = "path/to/image", alt_text = "describe image")

## End(Not run)

```

---

post_user	<i>Perform actions on an account</i>
-----------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Perform actions on an account

**Usage**

```
post_user(id, action = "follow", comment = "", token = NULL, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

id	character, user id to perform the action on
action	character, one of "(un)follow", "(un)block", "(un)mute", "(un)pin", "note"
comment	character (if action="note"), The comment to be set on that user. Provide an empty string or leave out this parameter to clear the currently set note.
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
verbose	logical whether to display messages

**Value**

no return value, called for site effects

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# follow a user
post_user("xxxxxx", action = "follow")
# unfollow a user
post_user("xxxxxx", action = "unfollow")

## End(Not run)
```

---

rtoot	<i>Query Mastodon API</i>
-------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

This is a minimalistic interface for querying the Mastodon API. This function is for advanced users who want to query the Mastodon API for endpoints that the R functions are not yet implemented. Please also note that the API responses will not be parsed as tibble. Refer to the official API documentation for endpoints and parameters.

**Usage**

```
rtoot(
  endpoint,
  ...,
  params = list(),
  token = NULL,
  instance = NULL,
  anonymous = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

endpoint	character, a Mastodon API endpoint. Currently, only endpoints using GET are supported
...	Name-value pairs giving API parameters.
params	list, API parameters to be submitted
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
instance	character, the server name of the instance where the status is located. If NULL, the same instance used to obtain the token is used.
anonymous	some API calls do not need a token. Setting anonymous to TRUE allows to make an anonymous call if possible.

**Value**

a list

**References**

<https://docs.joinmastodon.org/methods/>

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
rtoot(endpoint = "api/v1/notifications")
rtoot(endpoint = "api/v1/notifications", limit = 8)
## same
rtoot(endpoint = "api/v1/notifications", params = list(limit = 8))
rtoot(endpoint = "api/v1/followed_tags")
## reimplement `get_timeline_public`
rtoot(
  endpoint = "api/v1/timelines/public",
  instance = "mastodon.social",
  local = TRUE,
  anonymous = TRUE
)

## End(Not run)
```

---

save_auth_rtoot	<i>save a bearer token to file</i>
-----------------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

save a bearer token to file

**Usage**

```
save_auth_rtoot(token, name = NULL, path = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

token	bearer token created with <a href="#">create_token</a>
name	A file name (if you want to store more than one token).
path	A path where the token is stored.

---

search_accounts	<i>Search the instance for a specific user</i>
-----------------	--

---

**Description**

Search the instance for a specific user

**Usage**

```
search_accounts(
  query,
  limit = 40,
  token = NULL,
  anonymous = FALSE,
  parse = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

query	character, search string
limit	number of search results to return. Defaults to 40
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
anonymous	some API calls do not need a token. Setting anonymous to TRUE allows to make an anonymous call if possible.
parse	logical, if TRUE, the default, returns a tibble. Use FALSE to return the "raw" list corresponding to the JSON returned from the Mastodon API.

**Value**

a tibble ir list of accounts

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
search_accounts("schochastics")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

stream_timeline	<i>Collect live streams of Mastodon data</i>
-----------------	--

---

**Description**

Collect live streams of Mastodon data

**Usage**

```
stream_timeline_public(  
  timeout = 30,  
  local = FALSE,  
  file_name = NULL,  
  append = TRUE,  
  instance = NULL,  
  token = NULL,  
  anonymous = FALSE,  
  verbose = TRUE  
)  
  
stream_timeline_hashtag(  
  hashtag = "rstats",  
  timeout = 30,  
  local = FALSE,  
  file_name = NULL,  
  append = TRUE,  
  instance = NULL,  
  token = NULL,  
  anonymous = FALSE,  
  verbose = TRUE  
)  
  
stream_timeline_list(  
  list_id,  
  timeout = 30,  
  file_name = NULL,  
  append = TRUE,
```

```

instance = NULL,
token = NULL,
anonymous = FALSE,
verbose = TRUE
)

```

### Arguments

timeout	Integer, Number of seconds to stream toots for. Stream indefinitely with timeout = Inf. The stream can be interrupted at any time, and file_name will still be a valid file.
local	logical, Show only local statuses (either statuses from your instance or the one provided in instance)?
file_name	character, name of file. If not specified, will write to a temporary file stream_toots*.json.
append	logical, if TRUE will append to the end of file_name; if FALSE, will overwrite.
instance	character, the server name of the instance where the status is located. If NULL, the same instance used to obtain the token is used.
token	user bearer token (read from file by default)
anonymous	logical, should the API call be made anonymously? Defaults to TRUE but some instances might need authentication here
verbose	logical whether to display messages
hashtag	character, hashtag to stream
list_id	character, id of list to stream

### Details

**stream\_timeline\_public** stream all public statuses on any instance

**stream\_timeline\_hashtag** stream all statuses containing a specific hashtag

**stream\_timeline\_list** stream the statuses of a list

### Value

does not return anything. Statuses are written to file

### Examples

```

## Not run:
# stream public timeline for 30 seconds
stream_timeline_public(timeout = 30, file_name = "public.json")
# stream timeline of mastodon.social for 30 seconds
stream_timeline_public(
  timeout = 30, local = TRUE,
  instance = "mastodon.social", file_name = "social.json"
)

# stream hashtag timeline for 30 seconds
stream_timeline_hashtag("rstats", timeout = 30, file_name = "rstats_public.json")

```

```
# stream hashtag timeline of mastodon.social for 30 seconds
stream_timeline_hashtag("rstats",
  timeout = 30, local = TRUE,
  instance = "fosstodon.org", file_name = "rstats_foss.json"
)
# json files can be parsed with parse_stream()
parse_stream("rstats_foss.json")

## End(Not run)
```

---

verify\_credentials      *Verify mastodon credentials*

---

## Description

Verify mastodon credentials

## Usage

```
verify_credentials(token, verbose = TRUE)
```

```
verify_envvar(verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

token	bearer token, either public or user level
verbose	logical whether to display messages

## Details

If you have created your token as an environment variable, use `verify_envvar` to verify your token.

## Value

Raise an error if the token is not valid. Return the response from the verification API invisibly otherwise.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
# read a token from a file
verify_credentials(token)

## End(Not run)
```

# Index

auth\_setup, 3

convert\_token\_to\_envvar, 4  
convert\_token\_to\_envvar(), 3  
create\_token, 5, 21, 22, 37  
create\_token(), 26

get\_account, 5  
get\_account\_blocks, 6  
get\_account\_bookmarks, 7  
get\_account\_favourites, 8  
get\_account\_featured\_tags, 10  
get\_account\_followers, 10  
get\_account\_following, 12  
get\_account\_lists, 13  
get\_account\_mutes, 14  
get\_account\_relationships, 15  
get\_account\_statuses, 16  
get\_client, 5, 17  
get\_context, 18  
get\_favourited\_by, 23  
get\_favourited\_by (get\_status), 23  
get\_fedi\_instances, 18  
get\_instance, 19  
get\_instance\_activity (get\_instance), 19  
get\_instance\_blocks (get\_instance), 19  
get\_instance\_directory (get\_instance), 19  
get\_instance\_emoji (get\_instance), 19  
get\_instance\_general (get\_instance), 19  
get\_instance\_peers (get\_instance), 19  
get\_instance\_rules (get\_instance), 19  
get\_instance\_trends (get\_instance), 19  
get\_list\_accounts, 22  
get\_lists, 21  
get\_poll, 23  
get\_reblogged\_by, 23  
get\_reblogged\_by (get\_status), 23  
get\_status, 23, 23  
get\_status(), 23

get\_timeline\_hashtag, 25  
get\_timeline\_home, 26  
get\_timeline\_list (get\_timeline\_home), 26  
get\_timeline\_public, 28

parse\_stream, 29  
post\_list\_accounts, 30  
post\_list\_create, 31  
post\_status, 32  
post\_thread, 32  
post\_toot, 33  
post\_user, 35

rtoot, 35

save\_auth\_rtoot, 37  
search\_accounts, 37  
stream\_timeline, 30, 38  
stream\_timeline\_hashtag (stream\_timeline), 38  
stream\_timeline\_list (stream\_timeline), 38  
stream\_timeline\_public (stream\_timeline), 38

verify\_credentials, 40  
verify\_credentials(), 3  
verify\_envvar (verify\_credentials), 40