

Package ‘sherlock’

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Title Graphical Displays for Structured Problem Solving and Diagnosis

Version 0.7.0

Description

Powerful graphical displays and statistical tools for structured problem solving and diagnosis. The functions of the 'sherlock' package are especially useful for applying the process of elimination as a problem diagnosis technique.

The 'sherlock' package was designed to seamlessly work with the 'tidyverse' set of packages and provides a collection of graphical displays built on top of the 'ggplot' and 'plotly' packages, such as different kinds of small multiple plots as well as helper functions such as adding reference lines, normalizing observations, reading in data or saving analysis results in an Excel file.

References:

David Hartshorne (2019, ISBN: 978-1-5272-5139-7).

Stefan H. Steiner, R. Jock MacKay (2005, ISBN: 0873896467).

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Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.2.0

URL <https://github.com/gaboraszabo/sherlock>,
<https://gaboraszabo.github.io/sherlock/>

BugReports <https://github.com/gaboraszabo/sherlock/issues>

Imports magrittr, rlang (>= 0.4.11), forcats, ggplot2, dplyr, tidyr,
cowplot, scales, ggh4x, stringr, plotly, readr, openxlsx,
purrr, fs, rstudioapi, tidytext

Suggests roxygen2

Depends R (>= 2.10)

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create_project_folder *Create Project Folder*

Description

Creates a project folder on your computer

Usage

```
create_project_folder(folder_name, path, subfolders = "generic")
```

Arguments

folder_name	Set name of the folder. Examples: "Analysis_20221212", "01_application" (required)
path	Set path for folder. Example: "R/Projects/" (required)
subfolders	Set type of subfolder structure. Options are "generic" or "shiny". The "generic" option has the following subfolders: "01_data", "02_reports", "03_images", "04_scripts" and "05_misc". The "shiny" option has the following subfolders: "data", "css", "www", "images" and "scripts". By default, it is set to "generic". (optional)

Value

A project folder and sub-folder structure and corresponding .Rproj file on your computer

draw_cartesian_small_multiples

Draw Cartesian Small Multiples Plot

Description

Draws a cartesian small multiples plot

Usage

```
draw_cartesian_small_multiples(  
  data,  
  x_coord,  
  y_coord,  
  grouping_var,  
  faceting_var_1,  
  faceting_var_2,  
  interactive = FALSE,  
  size = 2,  
  alpha = 0.4,  
  analysis_desc_label = NULL,  
  x_axis_label = NULL,  
  y_axis_label = NULL,  
  n_breaks_x_axis = 10,  
  n_breaks_y_axis = 10,  
  accuracy = 0.001,  
  show_axis_values = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

data	Input dataset to be plotted (required)
x_coord	Column for X coordinate values (required)
y_coord	Column for Y coordinate values (required)
grouping_var	Grouping variable. Each group is displayed in a different color. (optional)
faceting_var_1	Set first faceting variable (optional)
faceting_var_2	Set second faceting variable (optional)
interactive	Set plot interactivity. By default, it is set to FALSE (optional)
size	Set point size. By default, it is set to 2 (optional)
alpha	Set transparency. By default, it is set to 0.4 (optional)
analysis_desc_label	Label (subtitle) for analysis description. By default, it is set to NULL (optional)
x_axis_label	Label for x axis. By default, it is set to display x axis column name (optional)
y_axis_label	Label for y axis. By default, it is set to display y axis column name (optional)
n_breaks_x_axis	Set number of breaks on X axis. By default, it is set to 10 (optional)
n_breaks_y_axis	Set number of breaks on Y axis. By default, it is set to 10 (optional)
accuracy	Set number of decimal places to be displayed on X and Y axes. Examples: 0.1 - one decimal place, 0.01 - two decimal places, 0.001 - three decimal places etc. By default, it is set to 0.001 (optional)
show_axis_values	Logical. if FALSE, default, axis values are not shown (optional)

Value

A 'ggplot' or 'plotly' object

draw_categorical_scatterplot

Draw Categorical Scatter Plot

Description

Draws a Categorical Scatter Plot

Usage

```
draw_categorical_scatterplot(
  data,
  y_var,
  grouping_var_1,
  grouping_var_2,
  grouping_var_3,
  grouping_var_4,
  plot_means = FALSE,
  connect_means = FALSE,
  group_color = FALSE,
  point_size = 2,
  alpha = 0.5,
  jitter = FALSE,
  x_axis_text_size = 11,
  panel_text_size = 11
)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	Input dataset to be plotted (required)
<code>y_var</code>	Y variable to be plotted on Y axis (required)
<code>grouping_var_1</code>	Select column for lowest level grouping variable (optional)
<code>grouping_var_2</code>	Select column for second level grouping variable (optional)
<code>grouping_var_3</code>	Select column for third level grouping variable (optional)
<code>grouping_var_4</code>	Select column for fourth level grouping variable (optional)
<code>plot_means</code>	Logical. if TRUE, means for lowest-level grouping variable are plotted. By default, it is set to FALSE. (optional)
<code>connect_means</code>	Logical. if TRUE, means for lowest-level grouping variable are connected with a line. By default, it is set to FALSE. (optional)
<code>group_color</code>	Set whether to color by <code>grouping_var_1</code> . By default, it is set to FALSE (optional)
<code>point_size</code>	Set point size. By default, it is set to 2 (optional)
<code>alpha</code>	Set transparency. By default, it is set to 0.5 (optional)
<code>jitter</code>	Set whether to add jitter. By default, it is set to FALSE (optional)
<code>x_axis_text_size</code>	Set X axis text size. By default, it is set to 11 (optional)
<code>panel_text_size</code>	Set panel text size. By default, it is set to 11 (optional)

Value

A 'ggplot' object

Examples

```
multi_vari_data_2 %>%  
  draw_categorical_scatterplot(y_var = Length,  
                              grouping_var_1 = Part,  
                              grouping_var_2 = Operator,  
                              jitter = FALSE)
```

draw_horizontal_reference_line

Draw horizontal reference line

Description

Draws a horizontal reference line or multiple reference lines to plots

Usage

```
draw_horizontal_reference_line(  
  reference_line,  
  color = "grey",  
  linetype = "dashed",  
  size = 0.7  
)
```

Arguments

reference_line	input y coordinate of reference line(s). for multiple reference lines, concatenate individual values into a vector (required)
color	change reference line color. options are "grey", "blue" and "red". by default, it is set to "grey" (optional)
linetype	change line type. identical to linetype ggplot2 aesthetic. by default, it is set to "dashed" (optional)
size	change line thickness. identical to size ggplot2 aesthetic. by default, it is set to 0.7 (optional)

Value

A horizontal reference line plotted on top of a 'ggplot' object

draw_interaction_plot *Draw Interaction Plot*

Description

Draws an Interaction Plot

Usage

```
draw_interaction_plot(  
  data,  
  y_var,  
  x_var_1_levels,  
  x_var_2_levels,  
  point_size = 4,  
  line_size = 1,  
  alpha = 0.5,  
  analysis_desc_label = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

data	input dataset to be plotted (required)
y_var	Y variable to be plotted on Y axis (required)
x_var_1_levels	First grouping variable levels, e.g. -1/1 or "low"/"high" (required)
x_var_2_levels	Second grouping variable levels, e.g. -1/1 or "low"/"high" (required)
point_size	Set point size. By default, it is set to 4 (optional)
line_size	Set line size. By default, it is set to 1 (optional)
alpha	Set transparency. By default, it is set to 0.5 (optional)
analysis_desc_label	analysis_desc_label Label (subtitle) for analysis description. By default, it is set to NULL (optional)

Value

A 'ggplot' object

draw_multivari_plot *Draw Multivari Plot*

Description

Draws a multivari small multiples plot

Usage

```
draw_multivari_plot(
  data,
  y_var,
  grouping_var_1,
  grouping_var_2,
  grouping_var_3,
  grouping_var_4,
  data_point_label = NULL,
  plot_means = FALSE,
  x_axis_text_size = 11,
  panel_text_size = 14,
  point_size = 2.5,
  line_size = 0.7,
  alpha = 0.6
)
```

Arguments

data	Input dataset to be plotted (required)
y_var	Response variable, Y (required)
grouping_var_1	Select column for lowest level grouping variable (required)
grouping_var_2	Select column for second level grouping variable (required)
grouping_var_3	Select column for third level grouping variable (optional)
grouping_var_4	Select column for fourth level grouping variable (optional)
data_point_label	Select column to label data points (optional)
plot_means	Logical. if FALSE, default, means for mid-level factor are not plotted (optional)
x_axis_text_size	Set X axis text size. By default, it is set to 11 (optional)
panel_text_size	Set panel text size. By default, it is set to 14 (optional)
point_size	Set point size. By default, it is set to 2.5 (optional)
line_size	Set line size. By default, it is set to 0.7 (optional)
alpha	Set transparency. By default, it is set to 0.6 (optional)

Value

A 'ggplot' object

Examples

```
library(dplyr)
library(ggh4x)

polar_small_multiples_data %>%
  filter(ID_Measurement_Angle %in% c(0, 45, 90, 135)) %>%
  normalize_observations(y_var = ID,
                        grouping_var = Tip_Bottom,
                        ref_values = c(0.2075, 0.2225)) %>%
  draw_multivari_plot(y_var = ID_normalized,
                    grouping_var_1 = ID_Measurement_Angle,
                    grouping_var_2 = Mold_Cavity_Number,
                    grouping_var_3 = Tip_Bottom,
                    x_axis_text = 6) +
  draw_horizontal_reference_line(reference_line = 0)
```

draw_multivari_plot_count

Draw Multivari Plot for Counts

Description

Draws a multivari small multiples plot for count data

Usage

```
draw_multivari_plot_count(
  data,
  y_var,
  grouping_var_1,
  grouping_var_2,
  grouping_var_3,
  grouping_var_4,
  x_axis_text_size = 11,
  panel_text_size = 14,
  alpha = 0.6
)
```

Arguments

data	Input dataset to be plotted (required)
y_var	Response variable, Y (required)

grouping_var_1	Select column for lowest level grouping variable (required)
grouping_var_2	Select column for second level grouping variable (required)
grouping_var_3	Select column for third level grouping variable (optional)
grouping_var_4	Select column for fourth level grouping variable (optional)
x_axis_text_size	Set X axis text size. By default, it is set to 11 (optional)
panel_text_size	Set panel text size. By default, it is set to 14 (optional)
alpha	Set transparency. By default, it is set to 0.6 (optional)

Value

A 'ggplot' object

draw_pareto_chart	<i>Draw Pareto Chart</i>
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Description

Draws a Pareto Chart

Usage

```
draw_pareto_chart(
  data,
  cat_var,
  summarize = FALSE,
  continuous_var,
  drop_na = TRUE,
  highlight_first_n_items = 0,
  lump_last_n_items = 0,
  lumped_cat_name = "Other",
  column_fill = scale_fill_sherlock(3),
  scale = "numeric",
  accuracy = 1,
  title_label = "Pareto Chart",
  analysis_desc_label = NULL,
  axis_text_size = 10
)
```

Arguments

data	input dataset to be plotted (required)
cat_var	Categorical variable (required)

summarize	Logical. If FALSE, default, the function expects total counts of each category of the categorical variable. If TRUE, individual values within each category are automatically summed up and ranked. (required)
continuous_var	Continuous variable to rank by (e.g. sum, frequency etc.). Not required if summarize argument is set to TRUE. (required)
drop_na	Logical. If TRUE, default, NA values of the categorical variable are dropped. (required)
highlight_first_n_items	Specify the top n items to be highlighted. By default, it is set to 0. (optional)
lump_last_n_items	Specify the last n items to be lumped into one category. By default, it is set to 0. (optional)
lumped_cat_name	Name lumped category. By default, it is set to "Other". (optional)
column_fill	Column fill color. By default, it is set to scale_fill_sherlock(3) (optional)
scale	Specify an acceptable argument for scale. Acceptable arguments are "numeric", "percent", "dollar", "dollar-k" or "dollar-M". By default, it is set to "numeric" (optional)
accuracy	Number to round to. Default value is set to 1. If NULL, values will be rounded to the nearest integer. (optional)
title_label	Specify plot title. By default, it is set to display "Pareto Chart" (optional)
analysis_desc_label	Specify plot analysis desc label (subtitle). By default, it is set to display CONTINUOUS VARIABLE COLUMN NAME "by" CATEGORICAL VARIABLE COLUMN NAME (optional)
axis_text_size	Set axis text size. By default, it is set at 10. (optional)

Value

A 'ggplot' object

draw_pareto_chart_grouped

Draw Grouped Pareto Chart

Description

Draws a small multiples type of Pareto Chart grouped by a categorical variable

Usage

```
draw_pareto_chart_grouped(
  data,
  cat_var,
  grouping_var,
  summarize = FALSE,
  continuous_var,
  drop_na = TRUE,
  highlight_first_n_items = 0,
  lump_last_n_items = 0,
  lumped_cat_name = "Other",
  color = "one",
  scale = "numeric",
  accuracy = 1,
  title_label = "Pareto Chart",
  analysis_desc_label = NULL,
  axis_text_size = 10,
  x_axis_span = "free"
)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	input dataset to be plotted (required)
<code>cat_var</code>	Categorical variable (required)
<code>grouping_var</code>	Grouping variable (required)
<code>summarize</code>	Logical. If FALSE, default, the function expects total counts of each category of the categorical variable. If TRUE, individual values within each category are automatically summed up and ranked. (required)
<code>continuous_var</code>	Continuous variable to rank by (e.g. sum, frequency etc.). Not required if summarize argument is set to TRUE. (required)
<code>drop_na</code>	Logical. If TRUE, default, NA values of the categorical variable are dropped. (required)
<code>highlight_first_n_items</code>	Specify the top n items to be highlighted. By default, it is set to 0. (optional)
<code>lump_last_n_items</code>	Specify the last n items to be lumped into one category. By default, it is set to 0. (optional)
<code>lumped_cat_name</code>	Name lumped category. By default, it is set to "Other". (optional)
<code>color</code>	Set panel fill color for facets. Options are "one" (one color) or "multi" (each panel is a different color). By default, it is set to "one". (optional)
<code>scale</code>	Specify an acceptable argument for scale. Acceptable arguments are "numeric", "percent", "dollar", "dollar-k" or "dollar-M". By default, it is set to "numeric" (optional)
<code>accuracy</code>	Number to round to. Default value is set to 1. If NULL, values will be rounded to the nearest integer. (optional)

title_label	Specify plot title. By default, it is set to display "Pareto Chart" (optional)
analysis_desc_label	Specify plot analysis desc label (subtitle). By default, it is set to display CONTINUOUS VARIABLE COLUMN NAME "by" CATEGORICAL VARIABLE COLUMN NAME (optional)
axis_text_size	Set axis text size. By default, it is set at 10. (optional)
x_axis_span	Set X axis span. Options are "free" (a different span for each panel based on range of values for each panel) and "fixed" (the X axes in all panels are set to span the total range of all values). By default, it is set to "free". (optional)

Value

A 'ggplot' object

draw_polar_small_multiples

Draw Polar Small Multiples

Description

Draws a Polar Small Multiples Plot

Usage

```
draw_polar_small_multiples(  
  data,  
  angular_axis,  
  x_y_coord_axis,  
  grouping_var,  
  faceting_var_1,  
  faceting_var_2,  
  connect_with_lines = FALSE,  
  connect_start_and_end_points = TRUE,  
  x_y_coord_axis_limits = c(0, NA),  
  point_size = 2,  
  line_size = 0.6,  
  point_alpha = 0.6,  
  line_alpha = 0.5,  
  label_text_size = 11,  
  analysis_desc_label = ""  
)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	input dataset to be plotted (required)
<code>angular_axis</code>	angular coordinate values (required)
<code>x_y_coord_axis</code>	x-y coordinate values (required)
<code>grouping_var</code>	grouping variable (required)
<code>faceting_var_1</code>	Set first faceting variable (optional)
<code>faceting_var_2</code>	Set second faceting variable (optional)
<code>connect_with_lines</code>	Logical. If set to TRUE, values within each group are connected with a line. By default, it is set to FALSE (optional)
<code>connect_start_and_end_points</code>	Logical. If set to TRUE, the start and end points of the lines get connected. It is useful when trying to draw a complete circle but may not be useful when only trying to draw a shape different than that (e.g. a semicircle). By default, it is set to TRUE (optional)
<code>x_y_coord_axis_limits</code>	Set x-y coordinate axis limits. By default, it is set to start at 0. (optional)
<code>point_size</code>	Set point size. By default, it is set to 2 (optional)
<code>line_size</code>	Set line size. By default, it is set to 0.6 (optional)
<code>point_alpha</code>	Set point transparency. By default, it is set to 0.6 (optional)
<code>line_alpha</code>	Set line transparency. By default, it is set to 0.5 (optional)
<code>label_text_size</code>	Size of text for labels. By default, it is set to 11. (optional)
<code>analysis_desc_label</code>	Label (subtitle) for analysis description. By default, it is set to NULL. (optional)

Value

A 'ggplot' object

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

polar_small_multiples_data %>%
  filter(Mold_Cavity_Number %in% c(4, 6)) %>%
  draw_polar_small_multiples(angular_axis = ID_Measurement_Angle,
                             x_y_coord_axis = ID_2,
                             grouping_var = Tip_Bottom,
                             faceting_var_1 = Mold_Cavity_Number,
                             point_size = 0.5,
                             connect_with_lines = TRUE,
                             label_text_size = 7)
```

draw_process_behavior_chart
Draw Process Behavior Chart

Description

Draws a Process Behavior Chart

Usage

```
draw_process_behavior_chart(  
  data,  
  y_var,  
  grouping_var,  
  limits = TRUE,  
  interactive = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

data	input dataset to be plotted (required)
y_var	Y variable to be plotted on Y axis (required)
grouping_var	Variable to group by (optional)
limits	Logical. If TRUE, natural process limits (control limits) are plotted. By default, it is set to FALSE (optional)
interactive	Set plot interactivity. By default, it is set to TRUE (optional)

Value

A 'ggplot' or 'plotly' object

draw_small_multiples_line_plot
Draw Small Multiples Line Plot

Description

Draws a Small Multiples Line Plot

Usage

```
draw_small_multiples_line_plot(
  data,
  x_axis_var,
  y_axis_var,
  grouping_var,
  faceting_var_1,
  faceting_var_2,
  plot_max_values = FALSE,
  lowest_highest_units,
  unique_color_by_group = FALSE,
  size = 0.7,
  alpha = 0.4,
  interactive = TRUE,
  analysis_desc_label = NULL,
  x_axis_label = NULL,
  y_axis_label = NULL,
  n_breaks_x_axis = 10,
  n_breaks_y_axis = 10,
  accuracy = 0.01
)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	input dataset to be plotted (required)
<code>x_axis_var</code>	variable to be plotted on x axis (required)
<code>y_axis_var</code>	variable to be plotted on x axis (required)
<code>grouping_var</code>	set grouping variable (required)
<code>faceting_var_1</code>	Set first faceting variable (optional)
<code>faceting_var_2</code>	Set second faceting variable (optional)
<code>plot_max_values</code>	Highlights maximum values per group. By default, it is set to FALSE (optional)
<code>lowest_highest_units</code>	takes a vector of strings corresponding to the lowest/highest units to be highlighted (optional)
<code>unique_color_by_group</code>	set whether to display each group in a unique color. By default, it is set to FALSE (optional)
<code>size</code>	Set line size. By default, it is set to 0.7 (optional)
<code>alpha</code>	Set transparency. By default, it is set to 0.4 (optional)
<code>interactive</code>	set plot interactivity. By default, it is set to TRUE (optional)
<code>analysis_desc_label</code>	Label (subtitle) for analysis description. By default, it is set to NULL (optional)
<code>x_axis_label</code>	Label for x axis. By default, it is set to display x axis column name (optional)

y_axis_label	Label for y axis. By default, it is set to display y axis column name (optional)
n_breaks_x_axis	Set number of breaks on X axis. By default, it is set to 10 (optional)
n_breaks_y_axis	Set number of breaks on Y axis. By default, it is set to 10 (optional)
accuracy	Set number of decimal places to be displayed on X and Y axes. Examples: 0.1 - one decimal place, 0.01 - two decimal places, 0.001 - three decimal places etc. By default, it is set to 0.01 (optional)

Value

A 'ggplot' or 'plotly' object

draw_timeseries_scatterplot

Draw Timeseries Scatterplot

Description

Draws a Timeseries Scatterplot

Usage

```
draw_timeseries_scatterplot(
  data,
  y_var,
  grouping_var_1,
  grouping_var_1_type = "date-time",
  grouping_var_2,
  faceting = FALSE,
  limits = FALSE,
  date_breaks = "1 month",
  date_labels = "%b %y",
  analysis_desc_label = NULL,
  x_axis_text_size = 11,
  point_size = 1,
  alpha = 0.3,
  line_size = 1,
  interactive = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

data	input dataset to be plotted (required)
y_var	Y variable to be plotted on Y axis (required)
grouping_var_1	Time variable to be plotted on x axis (required)

<code>grouping_var_1_type</code>	Time variable type. Options are "date-time" or "factor"
<code>grouping_var_2</code>	Additional variable for faceting (optional)
<code>faceting</code>	Set whether to display each group in a separate plot. By default, it is set to FALSE (optional)
<code>limits</code>	Logical. If TRUE, process behavior chart control limits for the individual group means are plotted. By default, it is set to FALSE (optional)
<code>date_breaks</code>	Set date breaks. Takes a string, for example "1 week" or "2 days". By default, it is set to "1 month" (optional)
<code>date_labels</code>	Set date labels. Identical to the date labels argument of the <code>scale_x_date()</code> ggplot function (optional)
<code>analysis_desc_label</code>	Label (subtitle) for analysis description. By default, it is set to NULL (optional)
<code>x_axis_text_size</code>	X axis text size. By default, it is set to 11. (optional)
<code>point_size</code>	Set point size. By default, it is set to 1 (optional)
<code>alpha</code>	Set transparency for individual observations. Identical to the alpha ggplot argument. By default, it is set to 0.3 (optional)
<code>line_size</code>	Set line size. By default, it is set to 1 (optional)
<code>interactive</code>	Set plot interactivity. By default, it is set to TRUE (optional)

Value

A 'ggplot' or 'plotly' object

Examples

```
timeseries_scatterplot_data %>%
  draw_timeseries_scatterplot(y_var = y,
                             grouping_var_1 = date,
                             grouping_var_2 = cavity,
                             faceting       = TRUE,
                             limits        = TRUE,
                             alpha         = 0.15,
                             line_size     = 0.5,
                             x_axis_text   = 7,
                             interactive   = FALSE)
```

draw_vertical_reference_line
Draw vertical reference line

Description

Draws a vertical reference line or multiple reference lines to plots

Usage

```
draw_vertical_reference_line(  
  reference_line,  
  color = "grey",  
  linetype = "dashed",  
  size = 0.7  
)
```

Arguments

`reference_line` input x coordinate of reference line(s). for multiple reference lines, concatenate individual values into a vector (required)

`color` change reference line color. options are "grey", "blue" and "red". by default, it is set to "grey" (optional)

`linetype` change line type. identical to `linetype` ggplot2 aesthetic. by default, it is set to "dashed" (optional)

`size` change line thickness. identical to `size` ggplot2 aesthetic. by default, it is set to 0.7 (optional)

Value

A vertical reference line plotted on top of 'ggplot' object

draw_youden_plot *Draw Youden Plot*

Description

Draws a Youden Plot

Usage

```
draw_youden_plot(
  data,
  x_axis_var,
  y_axis_var,
  grouping_var,
  lsl,
  usl,
  median_line = FALSE,
  size = 2,
  alpha = 0.4,
  analysis_desc_label = NULL,
  x_axis_label = NULL,
  y_axis_label = NULL
)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	input dataset to be plotted (required)
<code>x_axis_var</code>	variable to be plotted on x axis (required)
<code>y_axis_var</code>	variable to be plotted on x axis (required)
<code>grouping_var</code>	grouping variable (optional)
<code>lsl</code>	lower specification limit (optional)
<code>usl</code>	upper specification limit (optional)
<code>median_line</code>	logical. If TRUE, a median bias line is plotted. By default, it is set to FALSE (optional)
<code>size</code>	Set point size. By default, it is set to 2 (optional)
<code>alpha</code>	Set transparency. By default, it is set to 0.4 (optional)
<code>analysis_desc_label</code>	Label (subtitle) for analysis description. By default, it is set to NULL (optional)
<code>x_axis_label</code>	Label for x axis. By default, it is set to display x axis column name (optional)
<code>y_axis_label</code>	Label for y axis. By default, it is set to display y axis column name (optional)

Value

A 'ggplot' object

Examples

```
youden_plot_data %>%
  draw_youden_plot(x_axis_var = measurement_1,
                  y_axis_var = measurement_2,
                  grouping_var = location)

youden_plot_data_2 %>%
  draw_youden_plot(x_axis_var = gage_1,
```

```
y_axis_var = gage_2,
median_line = TRUE)
```

load_file

Load File

Description

Reads either an .xlsx or a .csv file into a table

Usage

```
load_file(path, filetype = ".xlsx", col_names = TRUE)
```

Arguments

path	path for the file (required)
filetype	set whether to read an .xlsx file or a .csv file. It takes either ".xlsx" or ".csv". By default, it is set to ".xlsx" (optional)
col_names	Either TRUE, FALSE or a character vector of column names. If TRUE, the first row of the input will be used as the column names, and will not be included in the data frame. If FALSE, column names will be generated automatically: X1, X2, X3 etc. If col_names is a character vector, the values will be used as the names of the columns, and the first row of the input will be read into the first row of the output data frame.

Value

Returns data in the form of a tibble object.

load_files

Load Files

Description

Reads a series of either .xlsx or .csv files into a table. Particularly useful when reading in multiple files having the same variables, for example reading in data from an experiment where data was logged and saved separately for each individual unit. Integration of a custom data cleaning function.

Usage

```
load_files(
  folder,
  filetype = ".csv",
  data_cleaning_function = NULL,
  id_by_filename = FALSE,
  id_col_name = "index"
)
```

Arguments

folder Folder where the files to be read in are located (required)

filetype Set whether to read in .xlsx or .csv files. It takes either ".xlsx" or ".csv". By default, it is set to ".csv" (required)

data_cleaning_function Add a custom data cleaning function built for individual files. Use no brackets when referencing the function, for example `clean_data_from_data_logger`. The function being added must be saved in the environment (optional)

id_by_filename Logical. If set to TRUE, the output will contain a column, storing the name of each file being read in. Ideally, the names of the individual files should be pertinent to their content, e.g. if 20 files are being read in with experimental data from parts 1 through 20, the files should be named 1-20. (optional)

id_col_name Specify a name for the .id column. By default, it is set to "index" (optional)

Value

Returns data in the form of a tibble object.

multi_vari_data	<i>Multivari Plot Sample Dataset 1</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Contains a sample Multivari Plot dataset

Usage

```
multi_vari_data
```

Format

An object of class `tbl_df` (inherits from `tbl`, `data.frame`) with 18 rows and 4 columns.

Examples

```
multi_vari_data
```

multi_vari_data_2	<i>Multi-Vari Plot Sample Dataset 2</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Contains a sample Multi-Vari Plot dataset

Usage

```
multi_vari_data_2
```

Format

An object of class `tbl_df` (inherits from `tbl`, `data.frame`) with 54 rows and 4 columns.

Examples

```
multi_vari_data_2
```

normalize_observations	<i>Normalize observations</i>
------------------------	-------------------------------

Description

This function takes an input dataset and normalizes observations

Usage

```
normalize_observations(data, y_var, grouping_var, ref_values)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	input dataset to be plotted (required)
<code>y_var</code>	response variable, Y (required)
<code>grouping_var</code>	select grouping variable to normalize by (required)
<code>ref_values</code>	add reference (nominal) values. takes a string of values with values appearing in the same order as in grouping variable. string length must be equal to unique values in grouping variable (required)

Value

A tibble object with observations normalized and saved in a new column.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

polar_small_multiples_data %>%
  filter(ID_Measurement_Angle %in% c(0, 45, 90, 135)) %>%
  normalize_observations(y_var = ID,
                        grouping_var = Tip_Bottom,
                        ref_values = c(0.2075, 0.2225))
```

```
plot_tukey_duckworth_paired_test
```

Plot Tukey-Duckworth Paired Test

Description

Plots Tukey-Duckworth Paired Test

Usage

```
plot_tukey_duckworth_paired_test(data, y_var, x_vars, arrows = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	input dataset (required)
y_var	Y variable of interest (required)
x_vars	X variables of interest (required)
arrows	Set whether to display arrows in the plot. By default, it is set to FALSE (optional)

Value

A 'ggplot' object

```
plot_tukey_duckworth_test
```

Plot Tukey-Duckworth Test

Description

Plots Tukey-Duckworth Paired Test

Usage

```
plot_tukey_duckworth_test(
  data,
  y_var,
  x_var_levels,
  point_size = 3,
  point_type = "solid",
  split_levels = FALSE,
  analysis_desc_label = NULL
)
```

Arguments

data	input dataset (required)
y_var	Y variable of interest (required)
x_var_levels	Levels of X variable of interest (required)
point_size	Set point size. By default, it is set to 3. (optional)
point_type	Set point size. Options are "solid" (default) and "no fill". (optional)
split_levels	Set whether to plot the two levels in separately on the X axis. By default, it is set to FALSE (optional)
analysis_desc_label	Label (subtitle) for analysis description. By default, it is set to NULL (optional)

Value

A 'ggplot' object

polar_small_multiples_data

Polar Small Multiples Sample Dataset

Description

Contains a sample dataset to demonstrate the use of Polar Small Multiples plot

Usage

```
polar_small_multiples_data
```

Format

An object of class tbl_df (inherits from tbl, data.frame) with 144 rows and 5 columns.

Examples

```
polar_small_multiples_data
```

save_analysis	<i>Save Analysis</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

Saves analysis results, both data and plot, into an .xlsx file

Usage

```
save_analysis(data, plot, filename, filepath)
```

Arguments

data	Data to be saved (required)
plot	Plot to be saved (optional)
filename	Name of the Excel file in a string format without the .xlsx extension. Example: "analysis_results" (required)
filepath	Path for the file. Example: "Documents/" (required)

Value

An Excel file

scale_color_sherlock	<i>Sherlock Color Palettes</i>
----------------------	--------------------------------

Description

Set color scheme to one of the Sherlock color palettes

Usage

```
scale_color_sherlock(palette = 1)
```

Arguments

palette	color palette to be used (required). options are 1, 2 and 3 (2 and 3 are only one color for no grouping). by default it is set to 1.
---------	--

Value

A 'ggplot' color scheme that uses one of the Sherlock color palettes

scale_fill_sherlock *Sherlock Fill Color Palettes*

Description

Set fill color scheme to one of the Sherlock color palettes

Usage

```
scale_fill_sherlock(palette = 1)
```

Arguments

palette fill color palette to be used (required). options are 1, 2 and 3 (2 and 3 are only one color for no grouping). by default it is set to 1.

Value

A 'ggplot' color scheme that uses one of the Sherlock color fill palettes

select_low_high_units *Select Low-High Units*

Description

Automatically selects low-high units in a tibble as well as assigns them into groups

Usage

```
select_low_high_units(data, var, number_of_pairs)
```

Arguments

data input dataset (required)
var variable of interest (required)
number_of_pairs Number of low-high pairs to be created. Takes a numeric value (required)

Value

A tibble object filtered down to the low-high units selected

```
select_low_high_units_manual
```

Select Low-High Units

Description

Select low-high units manually in a tibble and assign them into groups

Usage

```
select_low_high_units_manual(  
  data,  
  select_units_by = "row_number",  
  lowest_units,  
  highest_units,  
  part_id_col  
)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	input dataset (required)
<code>select_units_by</code>	Set to select units either based on row number or part ID. Options are "row_number" and "part_id". By default, it is set to "row_number". (required)
<code>lowest_units</code>	A numerical or character vector of the lowest units selected. Examples: c(1, 6, 8, 12), c("part5", "part45", "part9", "part23"). (required)
<code>highest_units</code>	A numerical or character vector of the lowest units selected. Examples: c(1, 6, 8, 12), c("part5", "part45", "part9", "part23"). (required)
<code>part_id_col</code>	Set column for part id. Only to be used when <code>select_units_by</code> is set to "part_id".

Value

A tibble object filtered down to the low-high units selected

```
small_multiples_data
```

Small Multiples Sample Dataset

Description

Contains a sample dataset for small multiples

Usage

```
small_multiples_data
```

Format

An object of class `tbl_df` (inherits from `tbl`, `data.frame`) with 2900 rows and 4 columns.

Examples

```
small_multiples_data
```

theme_sherlock	<i>Theme Sherlock</i>
----------------	-----------------------

Description

Set Sherlock plot theme

Usage

```
theme_sherlock(axis_text_size = "normal")
```

Arguments

`axis_text_size` set axis text and axis title size. options are "normal" or "small". by default, it is set to "normal"

Value

A 'theme' object with Sherlock plot theme

timeseries_scatterplot_data	<i>Timeseries Scatterplot Sample Dataset</i>
-----------------------------	--

Description

Contains a sample Timerseries Scatterplot dataset

Usage

```
timeseries_scatterplot_data
```

Format

An object of class `tbl_df` (inherits from `tbl`, `data.frame`) with 1170 rows and 5 columns.

Examples

```
timeseries_scatterplot_data
```

youden_plot_data *Youden Plot Sample Dataset*

Description

Contains a sample Youden Plot dataset

Usage

```
youden_plot_data
```

Format

An object of class `data.frame` with 40 rows and 3 columns.

Examples

```
youden_plot_data
```

youden_plot_data_2 *Youden Plot Sample Dataset 2*

Description

Contains a sample Youden Plot dataset

Usage

```
youden_plot_data_2
```

Format

An object of class `data.frame` with 30 rows and 2 columns.

Examples

```
youden_plot_data_2
```

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